SIEMENS



Manual

Industrial Controls

Protection Devices

Thermal Overload Relays SIRIUS 3RU / Electronic Overload Relays SIRIUS 3RB

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Industrial Controls

Protection devices SIRIUS 3RU thermal overload relays / SIRIUS 3RB electronic overload relays

Manual

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Legal information

Warning notice system

This manual contains notices you have to observe in order to ensure your personal safety, as well as to prevent damage to property. The notices referring to your personal safety are highlighted in the manual by a safety alert symbol, notices referring only to property damage have no safety alert symbol. These notices shown below are graded according to the degree of danger.

A DANGER

indicates that death or severe personal injury will result if proper precautions are not taken.

AWARNING

indicates that death or severe personal injury may result if proper precautions are not taken.

ACAUTION

indicates that minor personal injury can result if proper precautions are not taken.

NOTICE

indicates that property damage can result if proper precautions are not taken.

If more than one degree of danger is present, the warning notice representing the highest degree of danger will be used. A notice warning of injury to persons with a safety alert symbol may also include a warning relating to property damage.

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Introduction

1.1 Responsibility of the user for system configuration and functionality

3RU21 thermal overload relays have been designed to provide current-dependent protection for loads with normal starting against impermissibly high temperature rises due to overload, phase asymmetry or phase failure.

3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays with internal power supply have been designed to provide current-dependent protection for loads with normal starting and heavy starting against impermissibly high temperature rises due to overload, phase asymmetry or phase failure.

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Nor can Siemens assume liability for recommendations that appear or are implied in the following description. No new guarantee, warranty, or liability claims beyond the scope of the Siemens general terms of supply are to be derived or inferred from the following description.

Note

With regard to the design of a system, comply with all valid national installation specifications and standards.

1.2 Purpose of the manual

This manual describes the 3RU2 and 3RB2 / 3RB3 overload relays and provides the following information:

- Information for integrating the overload relays into the system environment.
- Information on necessary hardware components.
- Information on installing, connecting and operating the overload relays.
- Technical information such as dimension drawings and unit wiring diagrams.

The information in this manual enables you to configure and commission the overload relays.

1.3 Advantages through energy efficiency

Siemens offers you a unique portfolio for efficient energy management in industry – a process that serves to optimally shape your energy requirement. Operational energy management is subdivided into three phases:

- Identifying
- Evaluating
- Realizing

Siemens supports you with suitable hardware and software solutions in every phase of a project.

More information can be found on the Internet (http://www.automation.siemens.com/mcms/industrial-controls/en/energy-efficiency).

The 3RB30/3RB31 electronic overload relays make the following contribution to energy efficiency in an overall installation:

- Reduced intrinsic power loss
- Reduced control cabinet heat development
- Smaller control cabinet air conditioning units required

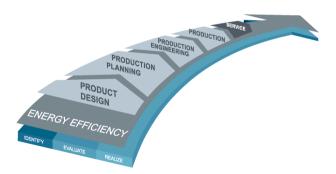


Figure 1-1 Overview of the energy management process

1.4 Required basic knowledge

To understand these operating instructions you should have a general knowledge of automation engineering and low-voltage switchgear.

1.5 Scope of the manual

The manual is valid for these overload relays. It contains a description of the devices that is valid at the time of publication.

1.6 Siemens Industry Online Support

Information and Service

In Siemens Industry Online Support, you can obtain up-to-date information from our global support database quickly and simply. To accompany our products and systems, we offer a wealth of information and services that provide support in every phase of the lifecycle of your machine or plant – from planning and implementation, through commissioning, up to maintenance and modernization:

- Product support
- Application examples
- Services
- Forum
- mySupport

Link: Siemens Industry Online Support (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en)

Product support

You will find here all the information and comprehensive know-how covering all aspects of your product:

FAQs

Our answers to frequently asked questions.

Manuals/operating instructions

Read online or download, available as PDF or individually configurable.

Certificates

Clearly sorted according to approving authority, type and country.

• Characteristic curves

For support in planning and configuring your system.

Product announcements

The latest information and news concerning our products.

Downloads

You can find here updates, service packs, HSPs and much more for your product.

Application examples

Function blocks, background and system descriptions, performance statements, demonstration systems, and application examples, clearly explained and represented.

Technical data

Technical product data for support in planning and implementing your project.

Link: Product support (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/ps)

1.7 Further documentation

mySupport

With "mySupport", your personal workspace, you get the very best out of your Industry Online Support. Everything to enable you to find the right information every time.

The following functions are now available:

Personal messages

Your personal mailbox for exchanging information and managing your contacts

Inquiries

Use our online form for specific solution suggestions, or send your technical inquiry directly to a specialist in Technical Support

Notifications

Make sure you always have the latest information - individually tailored to your needs

Filters

Simple management and re-use of your filter settings from Product Support and the Technical Forum

Favorites / Tags

Create your own knowledge database by assigning "Favorites" and "Tags" to documents – simply and efficiently

Entries last viewed

Clear presentation of your last viewed entries

Documentation

Configure your individual documentation from different manuals – quickly and without complications

Personal data

Change personal data and contact information here

CAx data

Simple access to thousands of items of CAx data such as 3D models, 2D dimension drawings, EPLAN macros and much more

1.7 Further documentation

To install and connect the overload relays, you require the operating instructions of the overload relays used.

You can find a list of operating instructions and an overview of the manuals pertaining to the SIRIUS modular system in the Appendix "References (Page 167)".

1.8 DataMatrix code

A Data Matrix code has been lasered onto 3RB3 electronic overload relay devices and 3RU2 thermal overload relays.

The Data Matrix codes are standardized in ISO/IEC 16022. The Data Matrix codes on Siemens devices use ECC200 coding for powerful error correction.

The following information is stored in the Data Matrix code:

1P	Article number	+	S	Loca- tion	/	Date	Serial number
Data iden- tifier	User content	Separa- tor	User	content	Separa- tor	User content	User content

Note

The information content is displayed without spaces.

This machine-readable information simplifies and accelerates handling of the respective devices.

As well as fast access to the serial numbers of the respective devices for unique identification, the Data Matrix codes simplify communication with Siemens Technical Support.

1.9 Siemens Industry Online Support app

Siemens Industry Online Support app

You can use the Siemens Industry Online Support app to access all the device-specific information available on the Siemens Industry Online Support portal for a particular article number, including operating instructions, manuals, datasheets, FAQs etc.

The Siemens Industry Online Support app is available for iOS, Android or Windows Phone devices. You can download the app from the following links:







Link for Windows Phone

1.10 Recycling and disposal

1.10 Recycling and disposal

These devices can be recycled thanks to their low pollutant content. For environmentally-friendly recycling and disposal of your electronic waste, please contact a company certified for the disposal of electronic waste.

1.11 Technical Assistance

Up-to-the-minute information

You can obtain further assistance by calling the following numbers:

Technical Assistance:

Telephone: +49 (911) 895-5900 (8 a.m. to 5 p.m. CET)

Fax: +49 (911) 895-5907

or on the Internet at:

E-mail: (mailto:technical-assistance@siemens.com)

Internet: (http://www.siemens.com/sirius/technical-assistance)

Standards

2.1 Standards

Applicable standards

3RU21 thermal overload relays and 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays meet the requirements of the following standards:

Table 2- 1 Standards

Device standards	• IEC/EN 60947-1			
	• IEC/EN 60947-4-1			
	• IEC/EN 60947-5-1			
	• UL 60947-4-1			
	• CSA C 22.2			
EMC standard	3RB30°/ 3RB31 electronic overload relays additionally fulfill the			
	EMC standards specified in IEC 60947-4-1.			

Reference

Other standards that 3RU and 3RB overload relays conform to are listed in chapter Technical data (Page 147). SIRIUS components have been approved by a whole range of bodies for various sectors (shipbuilding, etc.). An up-to-date list of approvals is provided in the appendix of the Siemens IC 10 Catalog - "SIRIUS Industrial Controls". You will find more information and downloadable certificates on the Internet (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en).

2.1 Standards

Product description 3

3.1 Introduction

3RU21 thermal overload relays

3RU21 thermal overload relays up to 100 A have been designed to provide currentdependent protection for loads with normal starting against impermissibly high temperature rises due to overload, phase asymmetry or phase failure.

An overload or phase failure results in an increase of the motor current beyond the set rated motor current. Via heating elements, this current rise increasingly heats up the bimetal strips located inside the device. The deflection of these bimetal strips eventually activates the auxiliary contacts via a release mechanism. The contacts then disconnect the load via a contactor. (The contactor function is not an integral component of the overload relay).

3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays

3RB20 / 3RB21 electronic overload relays up to 115 A and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays up to 630 A with an internal power supply have been designed to provide current-dependent protection for loads with normal and heavy starting against impermissibly high temperature rises due to overload, phase asymmetry or phase failure.

An overload, phase asymmetry or a phase failure results in an increase of the motor current beyond the set rated motor current.

This rise in current is detected by the current transformers integrated into the devices and evaluated by corresponding electronic circuits which then output a pulse to the auxiliary contacts. The contacts then disconnect the load via a contactor. (The contactor function is not an integral component of the overload relay).

In addition to current-dependent protection for loads against impermissibly high temperature rise caused by overload, phase asymmetry, and phase failure, 3RB21 and 3RB31 electronic overload relays feature internal ground-fault detection (not possible in conjunction with contactor assemblies for star-delta (wye-delta) start). This provides protection of loads against high-impedance faults to ground caused by damaged insulation, moisture, condensation, etc.

System integration

The overload relays have been matched to the contactors in the 3RT series both electrically and mechanically and can be integrated in the feeder by means of direct mounting. 3RU2 thermal overload relays are available in sizes S00 to S3 up to 100 A. 3RB30 and 3RB31 electronic overload relays are available in sizes S00 to S3 up to 115 A. 3RB20 and 3RB21 electronic overload relays are available in sizes S6 to S10 / S12 up to 630 A.

3.1 Introduction

Connection systems

The overload relays are available with the following connection system options:

- Screw-type connection system
- Spring-loaded connection system (size S2 to S12, auxiliary circuit only)

3RB3 (sizes S2 and S3) and 3RB2 (size S6) electronic overload relays are also available in through-hole technology with straight-through transformer. As an alternative, 3RB20 / 3RB21 electronic overload relays in sizes S6 to S10 / S12 can be connected to the main circuit via busbars.

3.2 Versions

Sizes, setting ranges, and device versions

The table below provides an overview of the various sizes in which 3RU21 thermal overload relays and 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays are available. The maximum rated currents, the minimum and maximum setting ranges, and the available tripping classes are listed for each individual size.

Table 3-1 3RU21 thermal overload relays

Size	Width	Current range	Rated operating voltage U _e	Rated frequency	Trip class
S00	45 mm	0.11 to 16 A	690 V AC	50/60 Hz	CLASS 10
S0	45 mm	1.8 to 40 A			
S2	55 mm	5.5 80 A			CLASS 10 or CLASS 10A
S3	70 mm	28 100 A	690 V AC		CLASS 10

Table 3-2 3RB20 / 3RB30 electronic overload relays

	Size	Width	Current range	Rated operating voltage U _e	Rated frequency	Trip class
3RB30	S00	45 mm	0.1 to 16 A	690 V AC	50/60 Hz	CLASS 10E or 20E
	S0	45 mm	0.1 to 40 A			(fixed)
	S2	55 mm	12.5 to 80 A	690 V AC Through-hole tech- nology: 1000 V AC		
	S3	70 mm	12.5 115 A	1 000 V AC		
3RB20	S6	120 mm	50 200 A	690 V AC		
	S10 / S12	145 mm	55 250 A to 160 630 A	690 V AC		

3.2 Versions

Table 3-3 3RB21 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays

	Size	Width	Current range	Rated operating voltage U _e	Rated frequency	Trip class
3RB31	S00	45 mm	0.1 to 16 A	690 V AC	50/60 Hz	CLASS 5E, 10E,
	S0	45 mm	0.1 to 40 A			20E, 30E (adjustable)
	S2	55 mm	12.5 to 80 A	690 V AC Through-hole tech- nology: 1000 V AC		
	S3	70 mm	12.5 115 A	1000 V AC		
3RB21	S6	120 mm	50 200 A	690 V AC		
	S10 / S12	145 mm	55 250 A to 160 630 A	690 V AC		

3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays have approximately the same dimensions as 3RU21 thermal overload relays. As a result, the thermal overload relays can be replaced easily with the electronic variant 3RB30 / 3RB31. This is necessary, for example, if increased overload protection is required (wide setting ranges (1:4), for example, or even reduced power loss and, as a result, minimized energy consumption).

3.3 Applications

Table 3-4 Overview of applications

Applications	3RU21	3RB20 / 3RB21 3RB30 / 3RB31
System protection	√ 1)	√ 1)
Motor protection	✓	✓
Alternating current, 3-phase	✓	✓
Alternating current, 1-phase	✓	-
DC current	√	-

In the main circuit, the devices provide overload protection for the assigned electrical loads (e.g. motors), feeder cable, and other switching and protection devices in the respective load feeder. The 3 phases have to be under symmetrical load.

3RU21 thermal overload relays

3RU21 thermal overload relays have been designed to protect three-phase loads, DC loads, and single-phase AC loads.

Note

Protection of DC loads/single-phase AC loads

If a 3RU21 thermal overload relay is to be used to protect DC loads or single-phase AC loads, all the bimetal strips have to be heated. Therefore, all of the relay's main current paths have to be connected in series.

3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays

3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays are designed to protect three-phase loads in sinusoidal 50/60 Hz voltage supplies.

Note

DC loads/Single-phase AC loads

The relay is not suitable for protecting DC loads or single-phase AC loads. On single-pole loads, the 3RU21 thermal overload relay or the 3RB22, 3RB23 and 3RB24 electronic overload relays for higher applications (no protection for DC loads) must be used for IO-Link.

Reference

More information	Can be found in the chapter titled
About overload relay applications	Configuration (Page 59)

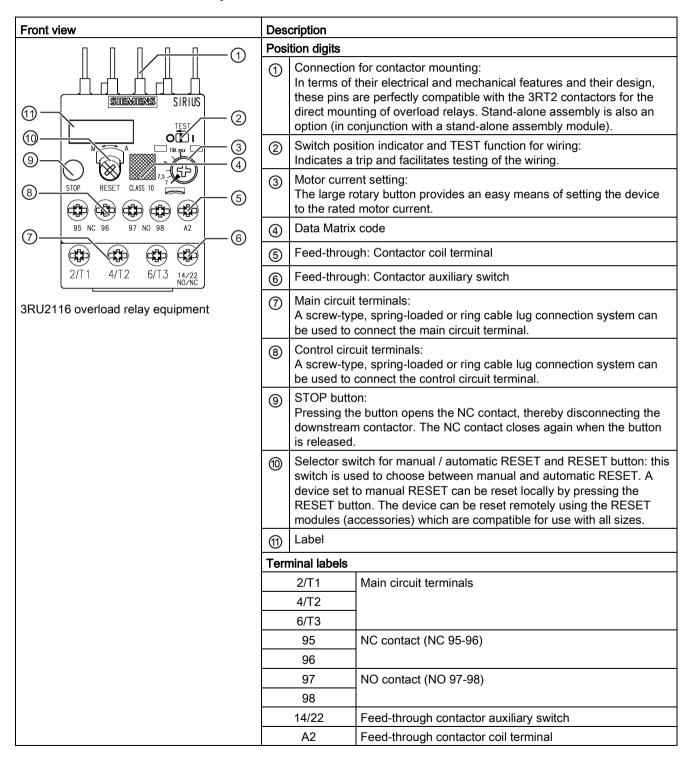
The advantages of load feeders with overload relays

Installing load feeders with overload relays (fuses + contactor + overload relay or MSP for starter combinations/circuit breaker (acc. to UL) + contactor + overload relay) has the following advantages over configurations without overload relays (motor starter protector + contactor):

- Overload release and short-circuit release are signaled separately. In the event of a short
 circuit the fuses or the MSP for starter combinations/circuit breaker (acc. to UL) limit the
 short-circuit current and in the event of an overload the overload relay disconnects the
 contactor (and thus the load).
- The overload relays are especially suitable for use in fused switchgear assemblies. The
 devices are also used in applications in line networks with operating voltages pf more
 than 400 V. Compared with fuseless design, the fuses still have an extremely high shortcircuit breaking capacity in excess of 100 kA, even in these voltage ranges.
- Automatic RESET is easy to implement with the overload relays. Following an overload trip, the load feeder need not be switched on again on-site.
- Attachable electrical or mechanical RESET modules compatible for use with all sizes enable 3RU21 thermal overload relays to be RESET remotely. An electrical remote RESET is an integral component of the 3RB21 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays.
- Applications with lengthy start times can be implemented thanks to the different trip classes of the 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays.
- 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays reduce variation and simplify configuring and inventory management thanks to their wide 1:4 setting range.
- MSP for starter combinations/circuit breaker (acc. to UL) + contactor + overload relay combinations have the advantage that the load feeder can be isolated easily and all three poles can be disconnected in the event of a short circuit.

3.4 3RU21 thermal overload relays

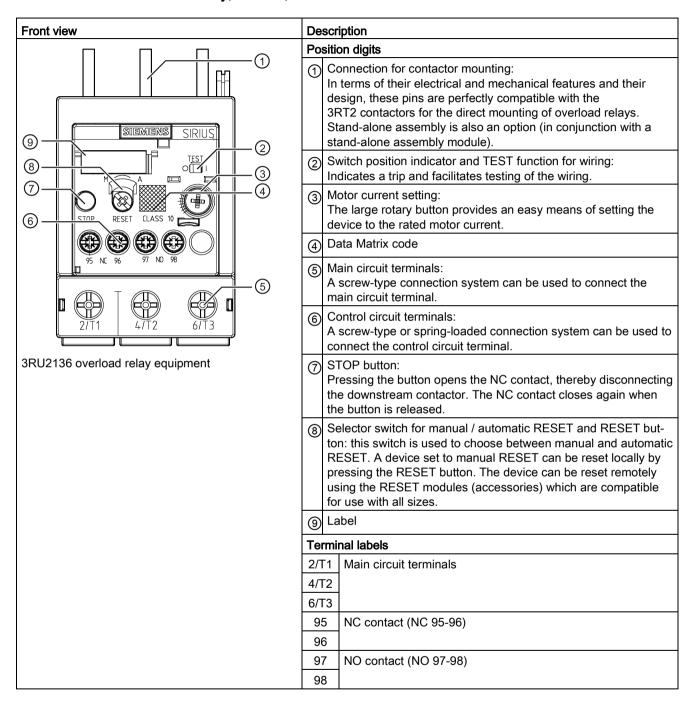
3RU2116 thermal overload relay, size S00, 45 mm width



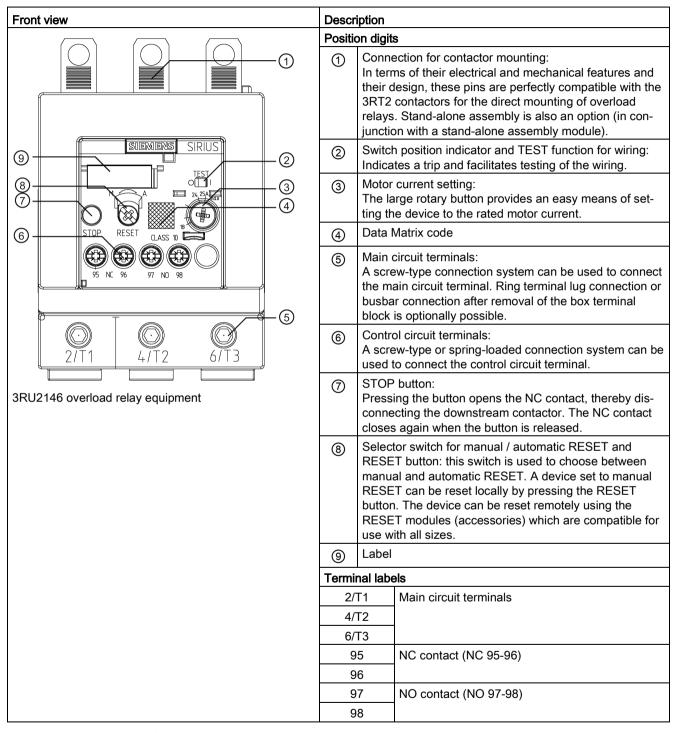
3RU2126 thermal overload relay, size S0, 45 mm width

Front view	Desc	ription	
ппп		Position digits	
9 2	1	Connection for contactor mounting: In terms of their electrical and mechanical features and their design, these pins are perfectly compatible with the 3RT2 contactors for the direct mounting of overload relays. Stand-alone assembly is also an option (in conjunction with a stand-alone assembly module).	
8 OCT 3 3	2	Switch position indicator and TEST function for wiring: Indicates a trip and facilitates testing of the wiring.	
6 STOP RESET CLASS 10 M	3	Motor current setting: The large rotary button provides an easy means of setting the device to the rated motor current.	
	4	Data Matrix code	
(5) 195 NC 96 97 NO 98 2/T1 4/T2 6/T3	(5)	Main circuit terminals: A screw-type, spring-loaded or ring cable lug connection system can be used to connect the main circuit terminal.	
3RU2126 overload relay equipment	6	Control circuit terminals: A screw-type, spring-loaded or ring cable lug connection system can be used to connect the control circuit terminal.	
	7	STOP button: Pressing the button opens the NC contact, thereby disconnecting the downstream contactor. The NC contact closes again when the button is released.	
	8	Selector switch for manual / automatic RESET and RESET button: this switch is used to choose between manual and automatic RESET. A device set to manual RESET can be reset locally by pressing the RESET button. The device can be reset remotely using the RESET modules (accessories) which are compatible for use with all sizes.	
	9	Label	
	Term	inal labels	
	2/T1		
	4/T2		
	6/T3		
	95 96	NC contact (NC 95-96)	
	97	NO contact (NO 97-98)	
	98		

3RU2136 thermal overload relay, size S2, 55 mm width



3RU2146 thermal overload relays, size S3, 70 mm width



A sealable transparent cover can be optionally mounted on the thermal overload relays in the sizes S00, S0, S2 and S3 (Accessories (Page 123)). It stops the motor setting being tampered with.

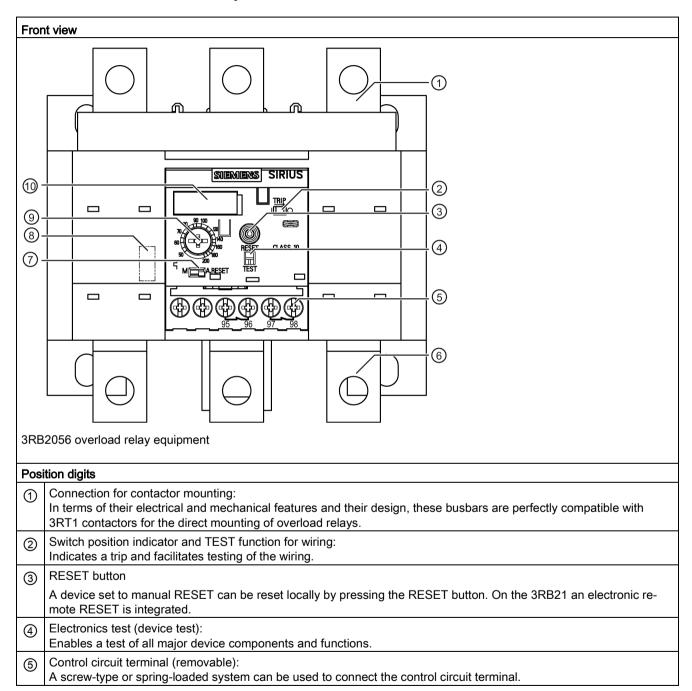
3.4 3RU21 thermal overload relays

Auxiliary contacts

3RU21 thermal overload relays are equipped with an NO contact for the "tripped" message and an NC contact for disconnecting the contactor.

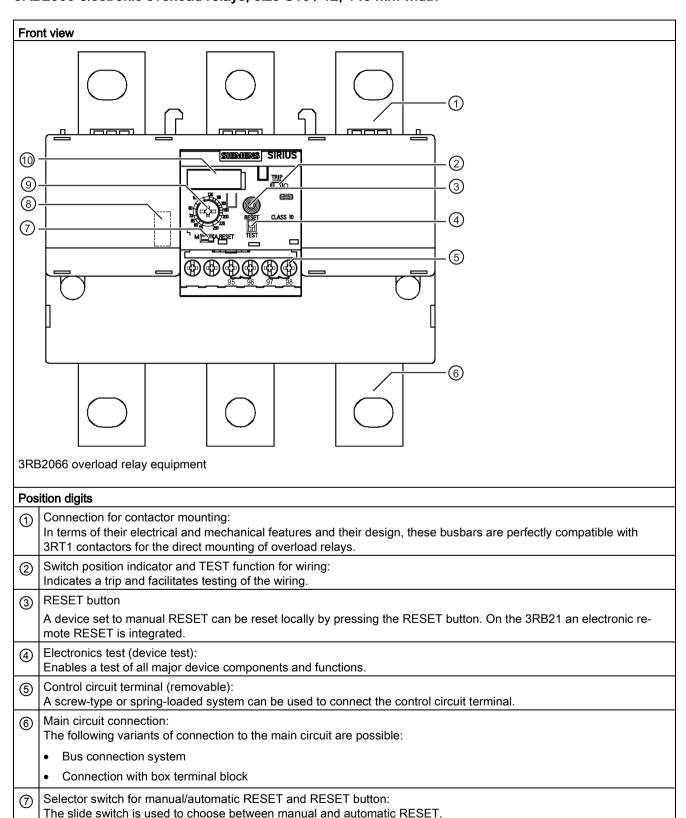
3.5 3RB20 electronic overload relays

3RB2056 electronic overload relay, size S6, 120 mm width



Fron	nt view		
6	Main circuit connection: The following variants of connection to the main circuit are possible:		
	Bus connection system		
	Connection with box terminal block		
	Connection with box terminal block and through-hole technology with straight-through transformer		
7	Selector switch for manual/automatic RESET and RESET button: The slide switch is used to choose between manual and automatic RESET.		
8	Data Matrix code		
9	Motor current setting: The large rotary button provides an easy means of setting the device to the rated motor current.		
(3)	Label		
Tern	Terminal labels		
95	NC contact (NC 95-96)		
96			
97	NO contact (NO 97-98)		
98			

3RB2066 electronic overload relays, size S10 / 12, 145 mm width



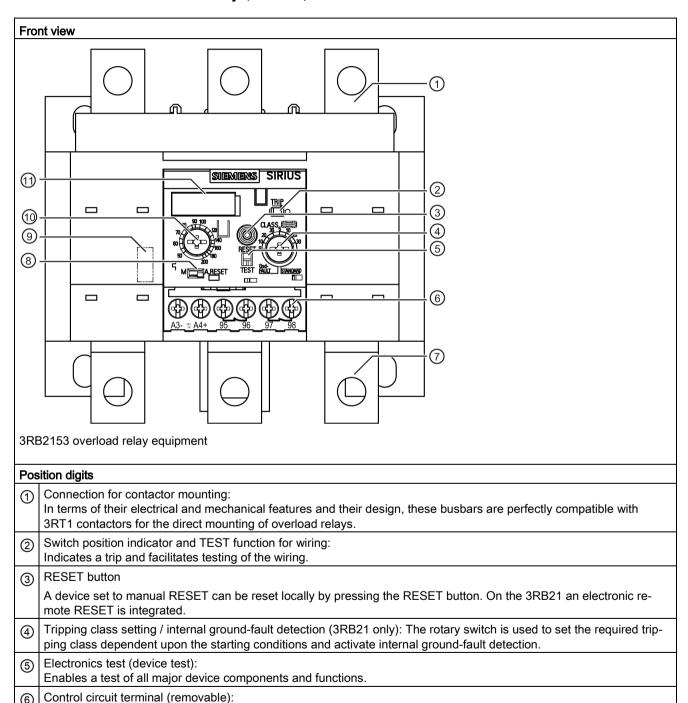
Froi	Front view		
8	Data Matrix code		
9	Motor current setting: The large rotary button provides an easy means of setting the device to the rated motor current.		
(3)	Label		
Terminal labels			
95	NC contact (NC 95-96)		
96			
97	NO contact (NO 97-98)		
98			

Auxiliary contacts

3RB20 / 3RB30 electronic overload relays are equipped with an NO contact for the "tripped" message and an NC contact for disconnecting the contactor.

3.6 3RB21 electronic overload relays

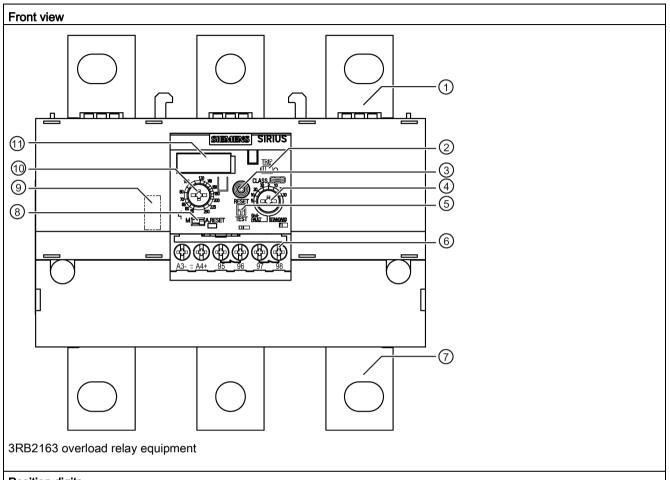
3RB2153 electronic overload relays, size S6, 120 mm width



A screw-type or spring-loaded system can be used to connect the control circuit terminal.

Fro	Front view		
7	Main circuit connection: The following variants of connection to the main circuit are possible:		
	Bus connection system		
	Connection with box terminal block		
	Connection with box terminal block and through-hole technology with straight-through transformer		
8	Selector switch for manual/automatic RESET and RESET button: The slide switch is used to choose between manual and automatic RESET.		
9	Data Matrix code		
10	Motor current setting: The large rotary button provides an easy means of setting the device to the rated motor current.		
(1)	Label		
Ter	Terminal labels		
95	NC contact (NC 95-96)		
96			
97	NO contact (NO 97-98)		
98			
A3-	Terminals for electrical remote RESET		
A4-			

3RB2163 electronic overload relays, size S10 / S12, 145 mm width



Position digits

- Connection for contactor mounting:
 - In terms of their electrical and mechanical features and their design, these busbars are perfectly compatible with 3RT1 contactors for the direct mounting of overload relays.
- ② Switch position indicator and TEST function for wiring: Indicates a trip and facilitates testing of the wiring.
- RESET button

A device set to manual RESET can be reset locally by pressing the RESET button. On the 3RB21 an electronic remote RESET is integrated.

- Tripping class setting / internal ground-fault detection (3RB21 only): The rotary switch is used to set the required tripping class dependent upon the starting conditions and activate internal ground-fault detection.
- (5) Electronics test (device test):

Enables a test of all major device components and functions.

- (6) Control circuit terminal (removable):
 - A screw-type or spring-loaded system can be used to connect the control circuit terminal.
- (7) Main circuit connection:

The following variants of connection to the main circuit are possible:

- Bus connection system
- · Connection with box terminal block

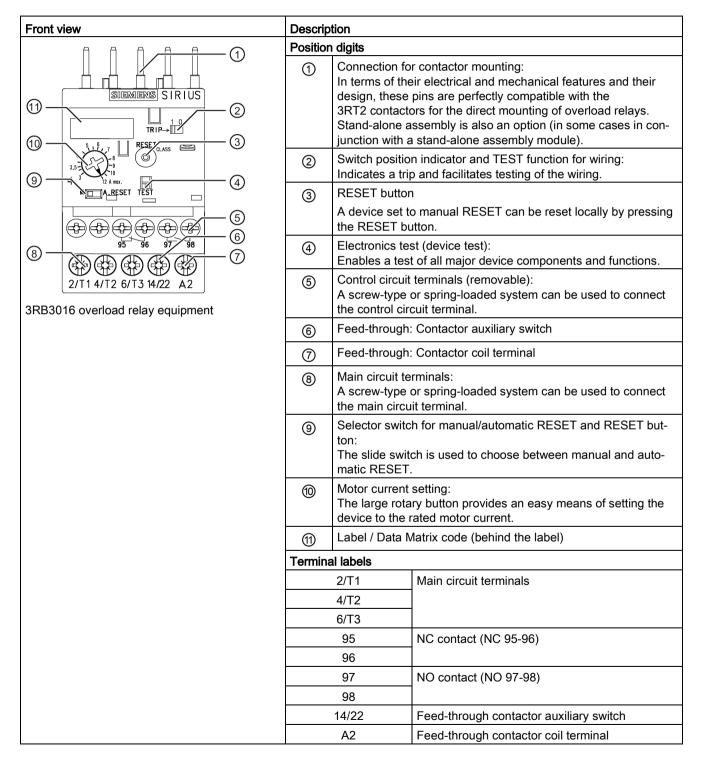
Fro	Front view	
8	Selector switch for manual/automatic RESET and RESET button: The slide switch is used to choose between manual and automatic RESET.	
@	Data Matrix code	
100	Motor current setting: The large rotary button provides an easy means of setting the device to the rated motor current.	
(1)	Label	
Terminal labels		
95	NC contact (NC 95-96)	
96		
97	NO contact (NO 97-98)	
98		
А3	Terminals for electrical remote RESET	
A4 ⁻	+	

Auxiliary contacts

3RB21 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays are equipped with an NO contact for the "tripped" message and an NC contact for disconnecting the contactor.

3.7 3RB30 solid-state overload relays

3RB3016 electronic overload relay, size S00, 45 mm width



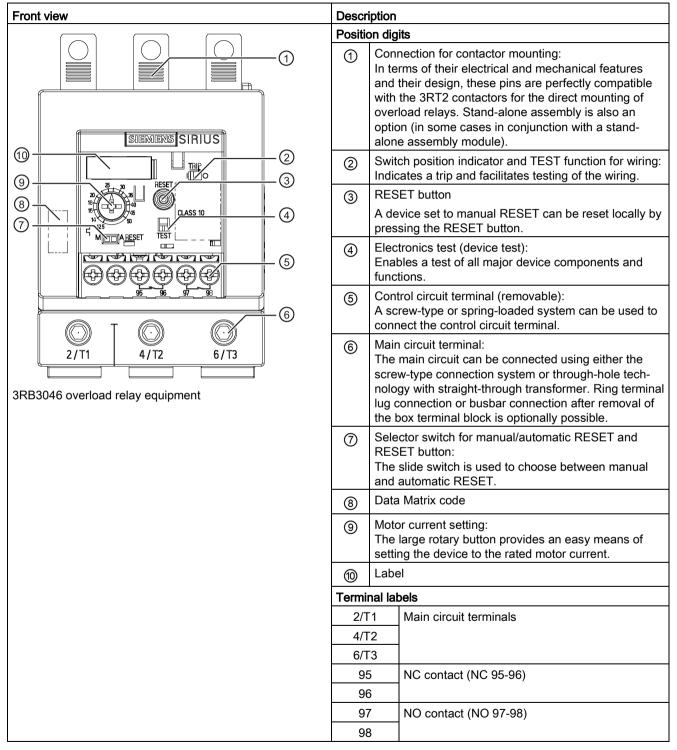
3RB3026 thermal overload relay, size S0, 45 mm width

Front view	Descr	iption	
Pos		Position digits	
9 IRIUS 2	1	Connection for contactor mounting: In terms of their electrical and mechanical features and their design, these pins are perfectly compatible with the 3RT2 contactors for the direct mounting of overload relays. Stand-alone assembly is also an option (in some cases in conjunction with a stand-alone assembly module).	
12 35 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	2	Switch position indicator and TEST function for wiring: Indicates a trip and facilitates testing of the wiring.	
7 July 10 AMARIESET TEST 4	3	RESET button	
5		A device set to manual RESET can be reset locally by pressing the RESET button.	
3RB3026 overload relay equipment	4	Electronics test (device test): Enables a test of all major device components and functions.	
	(5)	Control circuit terminals (removable): A screw-type or spring-loaded system can be used to connect the control circuit terminal.	
	6	Main circuit terminals: A screw-type or spring-loaded system can be used to connect the main circuit terminal.	
	7	Selector switch for manual/automatic RESET and RESET button: The slide switch is used to choose between manual and automatic RESET.	
	8	Motor current setting: The large rotary button provides an easy means of setting the device to the rated motor current.	
	9	Label / Data Matrix code (behind the label)	
<u>T</u> - -		nal labels	
		Main circuit terminals	
		-3	
	95	5 NC contact (NC 95-96)	
	96	3	
	97	7 NO contact (NO 97-98)	
	98	3	

3RB3036 electronic overload relays, size S2, 55 mm width

Front view	Descr	iption
	Positio	on digits
9 SIEMENS 2 8 PESET 3	1	Connection for contactor mounting: In terms of their electrical and mechanical features and their design, these pins are perfectly compatible with the 3RT2 contactors for the direct mounting of overload relays. Stand-alone assembly is also an option (in some cases in conjunction with a stand-alone assembly module).
7 I CLASS 10 III (4)	2	Switch position indicator and TEST function for wiring: Indicates a trip and facilitates testing of the wiring.
<u> </u>	3	RESET button
		A device set to manual RESET can be reset locally by pressing the RESET button.
	4	Electronics test (device test): Enables a test of all major device components and functions.
3RB3036 overload relay equipment	⑤	Control circuit terminal (removable): A screw-type or spring-loaded system can be used to connect the control circuit terminal.
	6	Main circuit terminal: The main circuit can be connected using either the screw-type connection system or through-hole technology with straight-through transformer.
	7	Selector switch for manual/automatic RESET and RESET button: The slide switch is used to choose between manual and automatic RESET.
	8	Motor current setting: The large rotary button provides an easy means of setting the device to the rated motor current.
	9	Label / Data Matrix code (behind the label)
	Termi	nal labels
	2/T	Main circuit terminals
	4/T	72
	6/T	3
	95	
	97	
	98	

3RB3046 electronic overload relays, size S3, 70 mm width



A sealable transparent cover can be optionally mounted on the electronic overload relays in the sizes S00, S0, S2 and S3 (Accessories (Page 123)). It stops the motor setting being tampered with.

3.7 3RB30 solid-state overload relays

Auxiliary contacts

3RB20 / 3RB30 electronic overload relays are equipped with an NO contact for the "tripped" message and an NC contact for disconnecting the contactor.

3.8 3RB31 solid-state overload relays

3RB3113 electronic overload relays, size S00, 45 mm width

Front view	Description		
	Position digits		
(2) SIEMENS SIRIUS (2) TRIP-10 (3) (1) SLEAT RESERVANS (5) (3)	1	Connection for contactor mounting: In terms of their electrical and mechanical features and their design, these pins are perfectly compatible with the 3RT2 contactors for the direct mounting of overload relays. Stand-alone assembly is also an option (in some cases in conjunction with a stand-alone assembly module).	
8 233 \$70.20 4 3,5 10 10 10 10 5	2	Switch position indicator and TEST function for wiring: Indicates a trip and facilitates testing of the wiring.	
ALRESET TEST	3	RESET button	
6 A3- A4+ 95 96 97 98		A device set to manual RESET can be reset locally by pressing the RESET button. In addition, an electronic remote RESET is integrated into the 3RB31.	
9 8 2/T1 4/T2 6/T3 14/22 A2 3RB3113 electronic overload relay equipment	4	Tripping class setting/internal ground-fault detection: This rotary switch is used to set the required tripping class dependent upon the starting conditions and activate internal ground-fault detection.	
SINDS 113 electronic overload relay equipment	(5)	Electronics test (device test): Enables a test of all major device components and functions.	
	6	Control circuit terminal (removable): A screw-type or spring-loaded system can be used to connect the control circuit terminal.	
	7	Feed-through: Contactor auxiliary switch	
	8	Feed-through: Contactor coil terminal	
	9	Main circuit terminal: A screw-type or spring-loaded system can be used to connect the main circuit terminal.	
	10	Selector switch for manual/automatic RESET and RESET button: The slide switch is used to choose between manual and automatic RESET.	
	111	Motor current setting: The large rotary button provides an easy means of setting the device to the rated motor current.	
	12	Label / Data Matrix code (behind the label)	

3.8 3RB31 solid-state overload relays

Front view	Description	
	Terminal labels	
	2/T1	Main circuit terminals
	4/T2	
	6/T3	
	95	NC contact (NC 95-96)
	96	
	97	NO contact (NO 97-98)
	98	
	14/22	Feed-through contactor auxiliary switch
	A2	Feed-through contactor coil terminal
	A3-	Terminals for electrical remote RESET
	A4+	

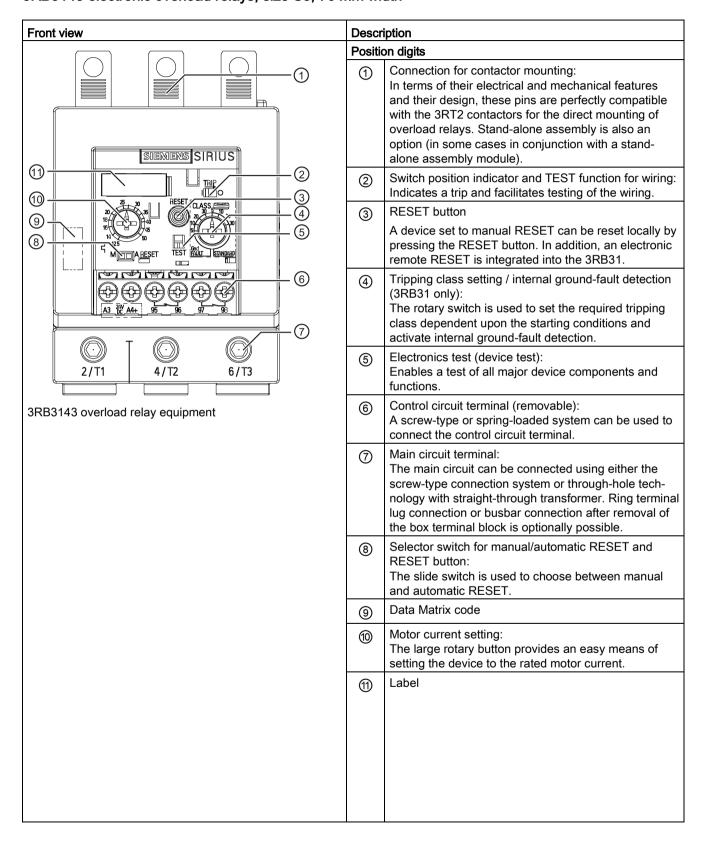
3RB3123 electronic overload relays, size S0, 45 mm width

Front view	Descr	iption	
0 0 0	Position digits		
SIEMENS SIRIUS TRIP-II	1	Connection for contactor mounting: In terms of their electrical and mechanical features and their design, these pins are perfectly compatible with the 3RT2 contactors for the direct mounting of overload relays. Stand-alone assembly is also an option (in some cases in conjunction with a stand-alone assembly module).	
9	2	Switch position indicator and TEST function for wiring: Indicates a trip and facilitates testing of the wiring.	
8 TA A MOZ. TEST FAIT I STANDARD 5	3	RESET button	
		A device set to manual RESET can be reset locally by pressing the RESET button. In addition, an electronic remote RESET is integrated into the 3RB31.	
A3-20 A4+ 95 96 97 98 7 98 7 7 98 7 7 98 7 7 98 7 7 98 7 7 98 7 7 98 7 7 98 7 7 98 7 7 98 7 7 98 7 7 98 7 7 98 7 7 98 7 7 98 7 9 98 7 9 9 7 9 9 7 9 9 7 9 9 7 9 9 7 9 9 7 9 9 7 9 9 7 9 9 7 9 9	4	Tripping class setting/internal ground-fault detection: This rotary switch is used to set the required tripping class dependent upon the starting conditions and activate internal ground-fault detection.	
3RB3123 overload relay equipment	⑤	Electronics test (device test): Enables a test of all major device components and functions.	
	6	Control circuit terminal (removable): A screw-type or spring-loaded system can be used to connect the control circuit terminal.	
	7	Main circuit terminal: A screw-type or spring-loaded system can be used to connect the main circuit terminal.	
	8	Selector switch for manual/automatic RESET and RESET button: The slide switch is used to choose between manual and automatic RESET.	
	9	Motor current setting: The large rotary button provides an easy means of setting the device to the rated motor current.	
	10	Label / Data Matrix code (behind the label)	
	Termi	nal labels	
	2/T	Main circuit terminals	
	4/T		
	6/T		
	95		
	96		
	98	. ,	
	A3		
	A4	+	

3RB3133 electronic overload relays, size S2, 55 mm width

Front view	Description		
	Position digits		
1) SIEMENS 2 9 THE TOTAL CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	1	Connection for contactor mounting: In terms of their electrical and mechanical features and their design, these pins are perfectly compatible with the 3RT2 contactors for the direct mounting of overload relays. Stand-alone assembly is also an option (in some cases in conjunction with a stand-alone assembly module).	
8	2	Switch position indicator and TEST function for wiring: Indicates a trip and facilitates testing of the wiring.	
6 A3: % A4: 95 96 97 98	3	RESET button A device set to manual RESET can be reset locally by pressing the RESET button. In addition, an electronic remote RESET is integrated into the 3RB31.	
2/T1 4/T2 6/T3	4	Tripping class setting/internal ground-fault detection (3RB313 only): This rotary switch is used to set the required tripping class dependent upon the starting conditions and activate internal ground-fault detection.	
3RB3133 overload relay equipment	(5)	Electronics test (device test): Enables a test of all major device components and functions.	
	6	Control circuit terminal (removable): A screw-type or spring-loaded system can be used to connect the control circuit terminal.	
	Ø	Main circuit terminal: The main circuit can be connected using either the screw-type connection system or through-hole technology with straight-through transformer.	
	8	Selector switch for manual/automatic RESET and RESET button: The slide switch is used to choose between manual and automatic RESET.	
	9	Motor current setting: The large rotary button provides an easy means of setting the device to the rated motor current.	
	10	Label / Data Matrix code (behind the label)	
	Terminal labels	T	
	2/T1		
	4/T2 6/T3		
	95	NC contact (NC 95-96)	
	96		
	97	NO contact (NO 97-98)	
	98		
	A3-		
	A4+		

3RB3143 electronic overload relays, size S3, 70 mm width



3.8 3RB31 solid-state overload relays

Front view	Description	
	Terminal lal	bels
	2/T1	Main circuit terminals
	4/T2	
	6/T3	
	95	NC contact (NC 95-96)
	96	
	97	NO contact (NO 97-98)
	98	
	A3-	Terminals for electrical remote RESET
	A4+	

A sealable transparent cover can be optionally mounted on the electronic overload relays in the sizes S00, S0, S2 and S3 (Accessories (Page 123)). It stops the motor setting being tampered with.

Auxiliary contacts

3RB21 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays are equipped with an NO contact for the "tripped" message and an NC contact for disconnecting the contactor.

Product combinations 4

Since the products from the innovative SIRIUS modular system are matched to one another both electrically and mechanically, they can be combined quickly and easily.

Reference

More information	Is available in the appendix
About the possible combinations of standard products from the SIRIUS modular system	"References" under "Manuals - SIRIUS Modular System (Page 168)"

More information	can be found in the Chapter
on the overload relay and contactor combination options	"Overview of combinable 3RT2 contactors (Page 61)"

Functions

5.1 Protection against overload, phase failure, and phase asymmetry

5.1.1 Functional principle

Overload relays are used for the current-dependent protection of electrical consumers (such as motors) against excessive temperature rises, which may be caused by overloading, asymmetrical power consumption, a phase failure in the line supply conductor or a locked rotor.

In the event of an overload, phase asymmetry or a phase failure, or if a rotor locks, the motor current will rise beyond the set rated motor current. This increased current - which, if sustained over a long period, may damage or even destroy the load - is detected by the overload relay and evaluated with the assistance of a thermal motor model.

The overload relays operate according to two different operating principles:

- Thermally with bimetals: 3RU21
- Electronically with current transformers and evaluation electronics: 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31

Functional principle of 3RU21 thermal overload relays

The current rise caused by the overload causes increased heat rise affecting the heating elements. The bimetals respond by deflecting, and actuate the auxiliary contacts via the release mechanism.

Functional principle of 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays

The current rise is detected by the integrated current transformers and evaluated by corresponding electronic circuits which then supply a pulse to the auxiliary contacts. The contactor and the load are disconnected via the auxiliary contacts.

Note

Protection of DC loads and single-phase AC loads

Only 3RU21 thermal overload relays can provide an assurance of protecting DC loads and single-phase AC loads against overload.

If a 3RU21 thermal overload relay is to be used to protect DC loads or single-phase AC loads, all the bimetal strips have to be heated. Therefore, all of the relay's main current paths have to be connected in series.

5.1 Protection against overload, phase failure, and phase asymmetry

Phase-failure protection

3RU21 thermal overload relays and 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays feature phase loss sensitivity (see ChapterTripping characteristics (Page 51)) to minimize load temperature rise in two-phase operation in the event of a phase loss.

5.1.2 Inverse-time delayed overload release

The inverse-time-delayed overload release is based on a thermal motor model and will trigger a release dependent upon the extent of the overload.

3RU21 thermal overload relays and 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays compensate temperatures from -40 °C to 60 °C (3RU21) and -25 °C to 60 °C (3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31) in accordance with IEC 60947-4-1.

5.1.3 Tripping classes

The tripping classes describe time intervals within which the overload relays have to trip in the case of a symmetrical, 3-pole load from the cold state with 7.2 times the current setting.

3RU21 thermal overload relays

3RU21 thermal overload relays are available for normal starting conditions in the tripping classes CLASS 10 or CLASS 10A. 3RB20 / 3RB30 electronic relays in CLASS 10E or CLASS 20E, or 3RB21 / 3RB31 electronic relays (adjustable in CLASS 5E, CLASS 10E, CLASS 20E or CLASS 30E) are available for heavy-duty starting conditions.

The tripping times according to IEC/EN 60947-4-1 are as follows:

Table 5-1 Tripping times dependent upon tripping classes according to standard IEC/EN 60947-4-1

Trip class	Tripping time t _A in s at
	7.2 x le from cold
CLASS 10A	2 < t _A ≤ 10
CLASS 10	4 < t _A ≤ 10
CLASS 20	6 < t _A ≤ 20
CLASS 30	9 < t _A ≤ 30

3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays

3RB20 / 3RB30 electronic overload relays are available for normal starting conditions in tripping class CLASS 10E or for heavy-duty starting conditions in tripping class CLASS 20E (all fixed settings).

3RB21 / 3RB31 electronic relays are suitable for normal and heavy-duty starting conditions. A rotary switch is used to set the required tripping class (CLASS 5E, 10E, 20E or 30E) dependent upon the prevailing starting conditions.

The tripping times according to IEC/EN 60947-4-1, tolerance band E, are as follows:

Table 5- 2 Tripping times dependent upon tripping classes according to standard IEC/EN 60947-4-1, tolerance band E

Trip class	Tripping time t₄ in s at 7.2 x l₅ from cold
CLASS 5E	3 < t _A ≤ 5
CLASS 10E	5 < t _A ≤ 10
CLASS 20E	10 < t _A ≤ 20
CLASS 30E	20 < t _A ≤ 30

5.1.4 Tripping characteristics

Introduction

The tripping characteristic curves map the relationship between tripping time and tripping current as a multiple of the current setting I_e; they are specified for symmetrical 3-pole and for 2-pole loading from cold.

The lowest current at which tripping will occur is known as the minimum tripping current. This must lie within specific defined limits in accordance with IEC / EN 60947-4-1.

The limits for the tripping current in the case of the overload relays with symmetrical three-pole loading are between 105 and 120 % of the current setting.

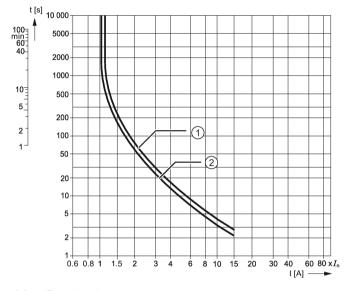
Tripping characteristics

The limit tripping current determines the progression of the tripping characteristic curve up to higher tripping currents based on the characteristics of the tripping classes (CLASS 10, CLASS 20, etc., see the Chapter Tripping classes (Page 50)).

Tripping characteristic curves for the 3RU21 thermal overload relay

The tripping characteristic curve for the 3RU21 thermal overload relay loaded at 3 poles (see figure below) applies provided all three bimetal strips are loaded symmetrically. If only two bimetal strips are heated following a phase failure, these two strips alone have to generate the force required to trigger the release mechanism and would need a longer tripping time or a higher current if no additional action was taken. If these higher currents are applied over a longer period of time, they usually cause damage to the load. To avoid damage, 3RU21 overload relays feature phase loss sensitivity, which uses a corresponding mechanism to induce accelerated tripping in accordance with the characteristic curve for 2-pole loading from the cold state.

Compared with a cold load, a load at operating temperature obviously has a lower temperature reserve. 3RU21 thermal relays take this into account by reducing the tripping time to approximately a quarter following prolonged loading with the setting current I_e .



- t [s] Tripping time
- I [A] Current
- 1 3-pole load
- 2 2-pole load

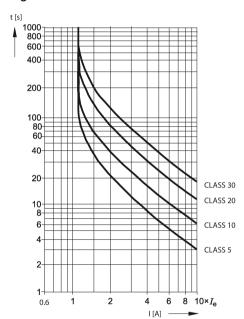
Figure 5-1 Time-current characteristic curve, schematic diagram - 3RU21

Tripping characteristic curves of 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays

The tripping characteristic curve for an overload relay loaded at 3 poles from cold (see Figure 1) applies subject to the prerequisite that all three phases are loaded symmetrically. In the event of a phase failure, the 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays disconnect the contactor more quickly to minimize the load's temperature rise in accordance with the tripping characteristic curve for two-pole loading from the cold state (see Figure 2). In the event of phase asymmetry, the devices disconnect dependent upon the extent of the asymmetry between the two characteristic curves.

Compared with a cold load, a load at operating temperature obviously has a lower temperature reserve. It is for this reason that the tripping time of 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays is reduced to approximately 30 % following prolonged loading with the current setting $I_{\rm e}$.

Figure 1



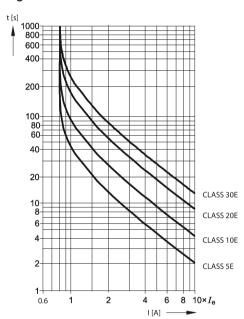
Tripping characteristic 1

t [s] Tripping time

I [A] Current

3-pole load - 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31

Figure 2



Tripping characteristic 2

t [s] Tripping time
I [A] Current

2-pole load - 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3 RB31

Reference

The figures are schematic representations of the characteristic curves. The characteristic curves for the individual overload relays can be downloaded from the Internet (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/ps/16269/char).

5.2 Ground-fault protection in the case of 3RB21 / 3RB31

Introduction

In addition to the current-dependent protection of loads against impermissibly high temperature rise resulting from overload, 3RB21 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays offer ground-fault protection.

Ground-fault protection

A ground fault can arise as a result of insulation damage or ingress of moisture or condensate. This results in displacement of the neutral point voltage of the power network, and in an unbalance. The neutral point voltage is simulated virtually in the device and when a neutral point displacement voltage arises, the overload relay switches the contactor off instantaneously. This prevents thermal follow-on damage and a resulting, and significantly more critical, double ground fault.

Note

Contactor assembly for star-delta (wye-delta) start

Internal ground-fault detection is not possible with contactor assemblies star-delta (wye-delta) start.

Table 5-3 Ground-fault detection

Type of ground-fault detection	Application
Internal ground-fault detection	For motors with three-wire connection for the detection of fault
	currents ≥ 75 % of the current setting I _e in operation

Reference

More information	can be found in the Chapter
about ground-fault protection of the electronic overload relays in conjunction with star-delta (wye-delta) assemblies	Contactor assembly for star-delta (wye-delta) start (Page 63)

5.3 Auxiliary contacts

Function

The auxiliary contacts control the contactor and signal overloads.

Auxiliary contact	Response to overload
NC contact (NC 95-96)	Disconnects the contactor, thereby protecting:
	The contactor
	The cables
	The load
NO contact (NO 97-98)	Sends a signal, e.g. to the:
	Control system
	• Lamp
	Other actuators

Note

Contact rating

The contact rating of the auxiliary switches to be taken into account is specified in the Technical data (Page 147).

Reference

More information	Can be found in the chapter titled		
About the response of auxiliary contacts	Response of the auxiliary contacts (Page 121)		

5.4 Indication of the operating state

5.4 Indication of the operating state

The prevailing operating state of the 3RU21, 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 relays is indicated by the position of the marker on the "TEST function / Switch position indicator" slide.

If the relays are operating without errors, the slide marker will be set to "I". When a device trips, the slide marker moves to "0". An overload relay can trip for the following reasons:

- Overload
- Phase asymmetry
- Phase failure
- Ground fault (3RB21 / 3RB31)
- Internal fault (3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31)

Resetting

Depending on the setting, the relay is reset manually or automatically after a recovery time has elapsed.

Reference

Additional information	Can be found in the chapter titled	
About resetting	RESET after release (Page 117)	

5.5 Self-monitoring (3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 only)

3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays constantly monitor their ability to operate (self-monitoring) and trip in the event of an internal error.

In such cases you need to contact Technical Assistance on the Internet (http://www.siemens.com/sirius/technical-assistance)

5.6 Additional functions

RESET function

There are various ways to reset the device following an overload release.

Table 5-4 RESET options for for overload relays

Overload relay	Auto RESET	Manual RESET	Mech. remote RESET (accessory)		Elect. remote RESET
			Release slide	Cable release	
3RU21	✓	1	1	1	√ (accessories)
3RB20 / 3RB30	✓	1	✓	1	-
3RB21 / 3RB31	✓	1	1	1	√ (integrated)

The relay cannot be reset until after the recovery time has elapsed.

Reference

More information	can be found in the Chapter
about optional mechanical and electrical RESET modules	Accessories (Page 123).

Stop function (3RU21 only)

Pressing the STOP button on the 3RU21 thermal overload relay opens the NC contact, thereby disconnecting the downstream contactor and thus the load. In the case of maintained-contact operation in the auxiliary circuit, the load is switched back on via the contactor when the red STOP button is released.

Test function for the 3RU21 thermal overload relay

The TEST slide can be used to check whether the operational 3RU21 thermal overload relay is working properly. The tripping of the relay can be simulated by moving the slide. This simulation process opens the NC contact (95-96) and closes the NO contact (97-98), thereby checking that the auxiliary circuit has been wired to the overload relay correctly.

5.6 Additional functions

Test function for the 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relay

The correct function of the relay when ready for operation can be checked by pressing the TEST button with the motor current flowing (device/electronics test). Current sensing, the motor model, and the tripping unit are tested.

The switch position indicator slide can be used to test the auxiliary contacts and the control current wiring. The tripping of the relay can be simulated by moving the slide, thereby providing a means of checking that the auxiliary circuit has been wired correctly.

Reference

More information	Can be found in the Chapter	
About the RESET function	RESET after release (Page 117).	
About the test function	TEST function (Page 120).	

Configuration

6.1 SIRIUS system configurator

Reference

To assist you with configuration, the "SIRIUS system configurator" is at your disposal on the Internet. Here, you can gather together all necessary products before the actual configuration process and you can realize complete projects virtually.

You can find the "SIRIUS system configurator" on the Internet (http://www.siemens.com/sirius/configurators).

6.2 Overload relays in motor feeders

6.2.1 Motor protection with overload relay

The individual overload relay families protect the following loads against the consequences of an overload, a phase failure, and phase asymmetry.

Table 6-1 Overload relays in motor feeders

For the protection of	3RU21	3RB20 / 3RB21
		3RB30/3RB31
Three-phase current loads	✓	✓
DC loads	✓	-
Single-phase AC loads	✓	-

Note

In the case of three-phase current loads, only 3-pole circuits (3 phases) are permitted. 4-pole circuits (3 phases + neutral conductor) are not permitted.

Note

Design of motor feeders

An overload relay alone cannot generally protect a load against **overcurrents**. The tripping characteristic curve is too inert for a short-circuit and also the contactor actuated by the relay in the event of tripping is not suitable for reliable breaking in the event of a short-circuit.

A protective device such as a 3RV2 motor starter protector or a fuse must be installed upstream of the load to provide **protection against short-circuits**.

Appropriate contactors are required to protect loads. Chapter Overview of combinable 3RT contactors (Page 61) provides an overview of the coordination between overload relays and contactors, along with their power ratings.

6.2.2 Overview of combinable 3RT contactors

Overload relay with contactor assemblies

Table 6-2 3RT2 thermal overload relay with contactor assemblies

			Contactors				
		Туре	3RT201	3RT202	3RT203	3RT204	
Thermal overload relays		Size	S00	S0	S2	S3	
Туре	Size	Current range [A]	Power [kW]	3 / 4 / 5.5 / 7.5	5.5 / 7.5 / 11 / 15 / 18.5	15 / 18.5 / 22 / 30 / 37	37 / 45 / 55
3RU211	S00	0.11 16		✓	-	-	-
3RU212	S0	1.8 40		-	✓	-	-
3RU213	S2	11 80		-	-	1	-
3RU214	S3	28 100		-	-	-	✓

Table 6-3 3RT2 electronic overload relay with contactor assemblies

		Contact	Contactors				
		Туре	3RT201	3RT202	3RT203	3RT204	
Electronic overload relays		Size	S00	S0	S2	S3	
Туре	Size	Current range [A]	Power [kW]	3 / 4 / 5.5 / 7.5	5.5 / 7.5 / 11 / 15 / 18.5	15 / 18.5 / 22 / 30 / 37	37 / 45 / 55
3RB3.1	S00	0.1 16		✓	-	-	-
3RB3.2	S0	0.1 40		-	✓	-	-
3RB3.3	S2	12.5 80		-	-	✓	-
3RB3.4	S3	12.5 115		-	-	-	✓

Table 6-4 3RT1 electronic overload relay with contactor assemblies

			Contactors				
			Туре	3RT105	3RT106	3RT107	
Electronic overload relays		Size	S6	S10	S12		
Туре	Size	Current range [A]	Power [kW]	55 / 75 / 90	110 / 132 / 160	200 / 250	
3RB205 / 3RB215	S6	50 200		✓	-	-	
3RB2066 / 3RB216	S10 / S12	55 250 and 160 630		-	✓	√	

6.2 Overload relays in motor feeders

The configuration guide entitled "Configuring SIRIUS Modular Systems - Selection data for load feeders in fuseless and fused designs"

(https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/39714188) provides information about the assembly of type-tested motor feeders according to IEC / EN 60947-4-1 with type of coordination 1 or 2.

6.2.3 Normal and heavy-duty starting

Normal starting

Selecting the right overload relay means considering the start time as well as the rated motor current. The start time refers to the time required by the motor between switching on and reaching its rated speed.

Table 6-5 Normal starting

Designation	Start time
Normal starting	< 10 s
Heavy-duty starting	> 10 s

Heavy-duty starting

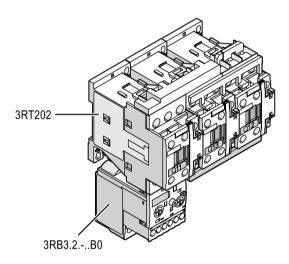
Note

Overload relays with corresponding tripping classes are required to protect heavy-duty-starting motors (for the acceleration of large centrifuges, for example). In the case of heavy-duty starting, the cables and contactors also have to be dimensioned specifically on account of the increasing thermal load.

6.2.4 Contactor assembly for star-delta (wye-delta) start

Overload relays in contactor assemblies for star-delta (wye-delta) start

When using thermal or electronic overload relays in conjunction with contactor assemblies for star-delta (wye-delta) start, you need to bear in mind that only $1/\sqrt{3}$ times the motor current flows through the line contactor. An overload relay mounted onto a line contactor has to be set to this 0.58-times motor current.



Note

Internal ground-fault detection on the 3RB21 / 3RB31

If you are using the 3RB21 / 3RB31 electronic overload relay in conjunction with contactor assemblies for star-delta (wye-delta) start, internal ground-fault detection must not be activated because third harmonics can arise in the motor during delta operation. The overload relay interprets these harmonics as a ground fault and they produce unintentional tripping.

6.2.5 Operation with frequency converters

3RU21 thermal overload relays

3RU21 thermal overload relays are suitable for operation with frequency converters. Depending on the frequency of the converter, eddy current and skin effects that occur mean that in some cases, a current higher than the rated motor current has to be set.

3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays

3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays are suitable for frequencies of 50 / 60 Hz and their associated harmonics. This makes it possible to use a 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 on the input side of the frequency converter. If motor protection is required on the secondary side of the frequency converter, we recommend 3RN thermistor motor protection devices or 3RU21 thermal overload relays.

Reference

More information	can be found on the Internet at
about setting corrections and other factors when using circuit breakers and overload relays on the secondary side of frequency converters	Circuit breakers and overload relays on the secondary side of frequency converters - influences and criteria (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/24232798)
about the influence of frequency converters on thermal motor protection devices in the case of pulsed voltage	about the influence of frequency converters/inverters on thermal motor protection devices in the case of pulsed voltage (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/de/24153083)

Reference

More information	Is available in the appendix
	"References" under "Manuals - SIRIUS Modular System (Page 168)" in the "SIRIUS Innovations - SIRIUS 3RV motor starter protectors" manual.

6.3 Short-circuit protection

Either fuses (fused design) or motor starter protectors/circuit breakers (acc. to UL) (fuseless design) must be used for short-circuit protection. The types of coordination must also be considered when selecting load feeders from the tables.

References

More information	Can be found
About coordination of corresponding short-circuit protective devices with overload relays	in the configuration guide entitled "Configuring SIRIUS Modular Systems - Selection data for load feeders in fuseless and fused designs" (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/50250592)(article no.: 3ZX1012-0RA21-1AC0)

6.4 Protecting explosion-protected motors

SIRIUS components meet a wide range of requirements for operation in hazardous areas and for switching and protecting components used in hazardous areas.

The thermal and electronic overload relays are certified in compliance with the European explosion protection directive (ATEX) and the international explosion protection standard IECEx.

Explosion protection in compliance with the European ATEX directive 2014/34/EU

3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays and 3RU21 thermal overload relays are suitable for the overload protection of explosion-proof motors with protection type "increased safety" Ex e.

The relays correspond to the requirements of EN 60079.

3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays and 3RU21 thermal overload relays are approved under Device Group II, Category (2) for overload protection of motors operated in Area "G" (areas in which potentially explosive gas, vapor, mist, and air mixes are present) and additionally in Area "D" (areas containing combustible dust).

3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays and 3RU21 thermal overload relays are not intended for installation in hazardous areas.

When installed in hazardous areas, 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays and 3RU21 thermal overload relays must be adapted to the corresponding explosion protection type.

For 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays in sizes S00 to S3, the EC type-examination certificate is available for Group II, Category (2) G [Ex e] [Ex d] [Ex px] and D [Ex t] [Ex p]. The number is PTB 09 ATEX 3001.

For 3RB20 / 3RB21 electronic overload relays in sizes S6 to S10 / S12, the EC type-examination certificate is available for Group II, Category (2) G [Ex e] [Ex d] [Ex px] and D [Ex t] [Ex p].

The number is PTB 06 ATEX 3001.

For 3RU21 thermal overload relays in sizes S00 to S3, the EC type-examination certificate is available for Group II, Category (2) GD.

The number is DMT 98 ATEX G001.

More information and certificates for download are available on the Internet (http://www.siemens.com/automation/service&support).

More information on explosion protection (ATEX) can be found online (http://www.siemens.com/sirius/atex).

Explosion protection according to international standard IECEx

3RU21 thermal overload relays in sizes S00 to S3 are certified according to the IECEx international standard.

You will find certificates of explosion protection in accordance with the IECEx international standard on the Internet (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/ps/16271/cert).

6.5 Safety instructions for use in hazardous areas (3RB)

6.5.1 General information



Hazardous voltage. Will cause death or serious injury.

Turn off and lock out all power supplying this device before working on this device.

NOTICE

Safe operation of the equipment is only ensured with certified components.

Information and standards

The increased level of danger in hazardous areas requires that the following notes and standards be observed:

- EN 60079-14 / VDE 0165-1 for electrical equipment for potentially explosive atmospheres
- EN 60079-17 Inspection and maintenance of electrical installations in hazardous areas
- EN 50495 Safety devices required for the safe functioning of equipment with respect to explosion risks

6.5 Safety instructions for use in hazardous areas (3RB)

3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays are approved under Device Group II, Category (2) for overload protection of motors operated in Area "G" (areas in which potentially explosive gas, vapor, mist, and air mixes are present) and additionally in Area "D" (areas containing combustible dust).

3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays are not intended for installation in hazardous areas.

When installed in hazardous areas, 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays must be adapted to the corresponding explosion protection type.



Figure 6-1 3RB20 / 3RB21

PTB 09 ATEX 3001 (Ex) | II (2) G [Ex e] [Ex d] [Ex px] | II (2) D [Ex t] [Ex p]

Figure 6-2 3RB30 / 3RB31



Personal injury and damage to property

All work involved in connecting, commissioning and maintenance must be carried out by qualified, responsible personnel. Improper handling may result in serious personal injury and considerable damage to property.

6.5.2 Installation and commissioning

Further documentation

To install and connect the overload relays, you require the operating instructions of the overload relays used.

You can find a list of operating instructions and an overview of the manuals pertaining to the SIRIUS modular system in the Appendix "References (Page 167)".

You can find further information on 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays in Catalog IC 10 "SIRIUS Industrial Controls" and on the Internet (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en).

Setting the rated motor current

Set the 3RB2. / 3RB3. electronic overload relay to the rated motor current (according to the type plate or design test certificate of the motor).



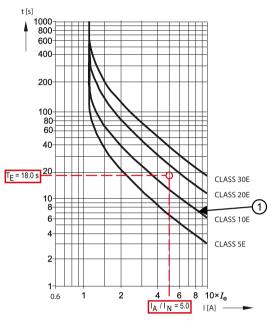
Trip class and tripping characteristic

Pay attention to the trip class or the tripping characteristic of the 3RB2. / 3RB3. electronic overload relay. Choose the trip class so that the motor is thermally protected even with a blocked rotor. The motor, cables, and contactor must be dimensioned for the selected trip class.

6.5 Safety instructions for use in hazardous areas (3RB)

Example

Motor 500 V, 50 / 60 Hz, 110 kW, 156 A, temperature class T3, TE time = 18 s, I_A / I_N = 5.0



(1) Switch-off conditions of the EEx motor, selected: CLASS 10E

Further information and certificates are available for download on the Internet (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/ps/16027/char).

Short-circuit protection for type of coordination 2 according to EN 60947-4-1

Short-circuit protection must be provided by separately arranged overcurrent protection devices.

NOTICE

Short-circuit protection

When combining with other contactors, observe the respective maximum fuse protection of the contactor for type of coordination 2.

Line protection

NOTICE

Observe dimensioning of conductor cross-sections

An impermissibly high cable surface temperature must be avoided by correctly dimensioning the cross sections.

An adequate conductor cross section must be chosen for heavy starting (CLASS 20 and CLASS 30).

RESET

Resetting the electronic overload relay is described in the Chapter "RESET after release (Page 117)".

User test (device test)

Testing in accordance with EN 60079-17 can be combined with the user test. Operation of the device must be discontinued if the test result is negative.



Qualified personnel required

The test must be performed by a qualified person familiar with the specified standards.

Initialization

- The three phase currents that flow through the 3RB electronic overload relay must be largely symmetrical.
- The phase currents must amount to ≥ 80 % of the set current I_e.
- The currents must flow for at least the time t₁ before testing.
- The phase currents must be at least as high as the value of the bottom current setting marker.

Required loading with	CLASS 5E	CLASS 10E	CLASS 20E	CLASS 30E
the rated current prior to				
pressing the TEST button				
t₁ [minutes]	3	5	10	15

6.5 Safety instructions for use in hazardous areas (3RB)

Performing the test

Correct functioning of the relay when ready for operation can only be checked with the motor current flowing (device/electronics test). The test is initiated by pressing the TEST button. Current sensing, the motor model, and the tripping unit are tested. If these components are OK, the device is tripped in accordance with the table below. In the event of an error, the device is not tripped. During the test all the protection functions are still active.

Note

The TEST button must be held down throughout the test. In this case the motor current must be > 80% of the current setting I_e and equal to at least the value of the lower current setting.

max. phase	CLASS 5E	CLASS 10E	CLASS 20E	CLASS 30E
% of I _e	[seconds] max	[seconds] max	[seconds] max	[seconds] max
100 %	8	15	29	43
90 %	16	31	61	92
80 %	31	61	122	183

The switch position indicator slide can be used to test the auxiliary contacts and the control current wiring. The tripping of the relay can be simulated by moving the slide. This simulation process opens the NC contact and closes the NO contact, thereby checking that the auxiliary circuit has been wired correctly. The relay is reset after a test trip by pressing the RESET button.

Test evaluation

The user test has been completed successfully if the following criteria apply:

- The device has tripped within the maximum permissible time.
- Contact 95-96 has been opened (test for welding).

NOTICE

Damage to property

Correct functioning of the device is ensured only if both criteria are met. The device may no longer be used if the test could not be carried out successfully.

Further safety notices



Load-side operation on frequency converters

3RB20 / 3RB30 and 3RB21 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays are not suitable for load-side operation on frequency converters.

You will find further information on operation with frequency converters in Chapter "Operation with frequency converters (Page 64)."

Ambient conditions

Permissible ambient temperature range:

- Storage / transport: -40 °C ... +80 °C
- Operation: -25 °C ... +60 °C

6.5 Safety instructions for use in hazardous areas (3RB)

6.5.3 Safety data

Further safety notices

Table 6- 6 Safety data - 3RB20 / 3RB30 and 3RB21 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays at $T_U = 40 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

Туре			3RB20 / 3RB30 and 3RB21 / 3RB31
The safety data vector perature of 40 °C	values given below apply for an am C.	bient tem-	
	SIL		SIL 1
	HFT		0
	λ_{safe}	1 / h	440 × 10 ⁻⁹
	λ_{DD}	1 / h	105 × 10 ⁻⁹
	λου	1 / h	296 × 10 ⁻⁹
	SFF	%	65
	DC	%	26
	MTBF	Years	130
	PFDavg (for < 36 months)		< 1.0 × 10 ⁻²
	Architecture		1001
	T1 value (repeat test)		DIN EN 60079-17 Section 4.4
	T _{lifetime}	Years	20

Note

Please inquire about safety data for ambient temperatures that differ from 40 °C.

Ambient temperatures		
Storage / transport	°C	-40 +80
Operation	°C	-25 +60
Temperature compensation	°C	+60
Permissible rated operating current		
- At 60 °C cabinet interior temperature	%	100
- 70 °C	%	On request

6.5.4 Maintenance and repair

The device is maintenance-free.

6.5.5 Warranty

To meet the conditions of the warranty, you must observe the safety and commissioning instructions and the operating instructions.

You can find a list of operating instructions and an overview of the manuals pertaining to the SIRIUS modular system in the Appendix "References (Page 167)".

6.5.6 Further information

You can find further information on 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays in Catalog IC 10 "SIRIUS Industrial Controls" and on the Internet (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en).

6.6 Application environment

The following information must be taken into account when planning applications involving overload relays.

Installation altitude

The overload relays are approved for installation altitudes up to 2,000 m. The reduced air density at altitudes higher than 2,000 meters affects the overload relays' electrical characteristics. The reduction factors which have to be taken into account when using overload relays at altitudes higher than 2,000 m can be obtained on request from Technical Assistance on the Internet (http://www.siemens.com/sirius/technical-assistance).

Operating conditions and resistance to extreme climates

The overload relays are climate-proof.

The overload relays are not sensitive to external influences such as shocks, corrosive ambient conditions, ageing, and temperature fluctuations.

Ambient temperatures for 3RU21 overload relays

3RU21 thermal overload relays compensate temperature in the temperature range from – 40 °C to +60 °C according to IEC/EN 60947-4-1. At temperatures between +60 °C and +70 °C, the maximum permissible operating current related to the rated operating current must be reduced by a specific factor f in accordance with the table below ($I_{max} = I_e \times f$).

Table 6-7 Ambient temperatures for 3RU21 overload relays (size S00/S0)

Ambient temperature in °C	Reduction factor appl	Reduction factor applies for rated current	
	0.16 20 A	22 40 A	
+60	1.0	1.0	
+65	0.94	0.97	
+70	0.87	0.94	

Table 6-8 Ambient temperatures for 3RU2136 overload relays (size S2)

Ambient temperature in °C	Reduction factor ap	Reduction factor applies for rated current	
	8 45 A	50 80 A	
+60	1.0	1.0	
+65	0.94	0.97	
+70	0.87	0.94	

Table 6-9 Ambient temperatures for 3RU2146 overload relays (size S3)

Ambient temperature in °C	Reduction factor applies for rated current		
	25 32 A	40 63 A	75 100 A
+60	1.0	1.0	1.0
+65	0.94	0.95	0.97
+70	0.88	0.90	0.94

Ambient temperatures for the 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 overload relays

3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays compensate temperature in the temperature range from –25 °C to +60 °C in accordance with IEC/EN 60947-4-1.

The reduction factors that have to be taken into account when using electronic overload relays at an ambient temperature higher than 60 °C can be obtained on request from our Technical Assistance on the Internet (http://www.siemens.com/sirius/technical-assistance).

Current reduction in the case of heavy starting for 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 overload relays

For the 3RB20 and 3RB21 electronic overload relays with the sizes S6 and S10 / S12, the upper set value of the setting range must be reduced for ambient temperatures > 50 °C by a certain factor in accordance with the following tables.

Table 6- 10 Ambient temperatures of 3RB20 / 3RB21 overload relays (sizes S6 and S10 / S12) - single installation

Article number	Setting range		r the upper set value applies to single ambient temperature of
		+ 50 °C	+ 60 °C
3RB2056 / 3RB2153	50 200 A	100 %	100 %
3RB2066-1G 3RB2066-2G 3RB2163-4G	55 250 A	100 %	100 %
3RB2066-1M 3RB2066-2M 3RB2163-4M	160 630 A	100 %	90 %

Table 6- 11 Ambient temperatures of 3RB20 / 3RB21 overload relays (sizes S6 and S10 / S12) - contactor mounting

Article number	Setting range	Reduction factor for the upper set value applies to conta mounting and an ambient temperature of	
		+ 50 °C	+ 60 °C
3RB2056 / 3RB2153	50 200 A	100 %	70 %
3RB2066-1G 3RB2066-2G 3RB2163-4G	55 250 A	100 %	70 %
3RB2066-1M 3RB2066-2M 3RB2163-4M	160 630 A	100 %	70 %

No reduction in the maximum permissible rated operating current is required for size S00 (to 16 A).

The following maximum rated operating currents are permissible for device versions with the setting range 10 to 40 A for size S0:

Table 6- 12 Derating during heavy-duty starting, 3RB30/3RB31 overload relays (size S0)

Trip class	Rated operating current
CLASS 20E	I _{e max} = 32 A
CLASS 30E	I _{e max} = 25 A

The following maximum rated operating currents are permissible for device versions with the setting range 20 to 80 A for size S2:

Table 6- 13 Derating during heavy-duty starting, 3RB30/3RB31 overload relays (size S2)

Trip class	Rated operating current
CLASS 5E CLASS 10E	I _{e max} = 80 A
CLASS 20E	I _{e max} = 60 A
CLASS 30E	I _{e max} = 50 A

Table 6- 14 Derating during heavy-duty starting, 3RB30/3RB31 overload relays (size S3)

Trip class	Rated operational current
CLASS 5E CLASS 10E	I _{e max} = 115 A
CLASS 20E CLASS 30E	I _{e max} = 100 A

Special application environments

SIRIUS components have been approved by a whole range of bodies for various sectors (shipbuilding, etc.). Up-to-date information and certificates are available for download on the Internet (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/ps/16269/cert).

6.6 Application environment

Mounting

7.1 Mounting options

3RU21, 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 installation options

The 3RU2 thermal overload relays and the 3RB2 / 3RB3 electronic overload relays are matched electrically and mechanically to 3RT contactors. As a result, direct mounting can be achieved easily. Alternatively, the devices are suitable for stand-alone assembly. 3RB2 / 3RB3 electronic overload relays with through-hole technology offer an even simpler installation option. The cable is threaded through and fitted directly on the contactor. 3RB2 / 3RB3 electronic overload relays with through-hole technology are available from size S2 onwards.

7.2 Minimum clearances and mounting position

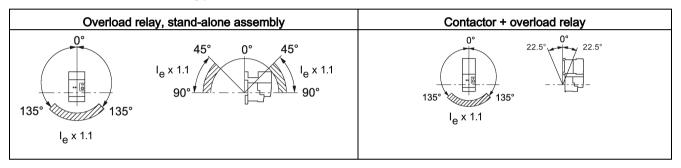
Minimum clearance

A minimum lateral clearance of > 6 mm must be maintained from live and grounded parts.

Mounting position for 3RU21 thermal overload relay

The diagrams below illustrate the permissible mounting positions for contactor mounting and stand-alone assembly for 3RU21 thermal overload relays.

Table 7-1 Permissible mounting positions for the 3RU21



The set value is 1.1 times the motor current for a mounting position in the hatched area.

Mounting position of 3RB20 /3RB21 and 3RB30 /3RB31 electronic overload relays

The following diagram shows the permissible mounting position for contactor mounting for 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays.

Table 7-2 Permissible mounting positions of 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31

Overload relay, stand-alone assembly	Contactor + overload relay
3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays can be mounted in any position in stand-alone assembly.	22.5° 22.5°

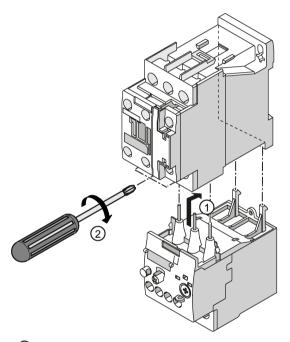
7.3 Mounting/Disassembly

7.3.1 Thermal and electronic overload relays (S00 / S0)

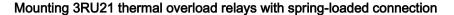
Direct mounting on 3RT contactor (sizes S00 and S0)

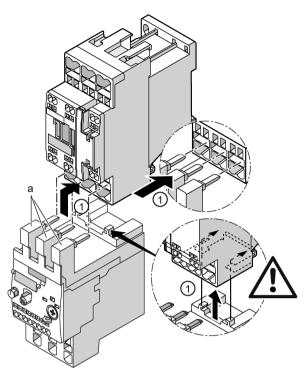
The diagram below shows an example mounting scenario based on mounting the 3RU21 thermal overload relay, size S0, on the 3RT2 contactor. The contactor/overload relay combinations can be snapped onto 35 mm DIN rails according to EN 60715.

Mounting 3RU21 thermal overload relays with screw connection



- ① Push the overload relay into the contactor from below. Attach the two hooks on the overload relay to the two openings on the rear of the contactor. This pushes the main current contacts into the corresponding socket contacts on the contactor.
- Screw the main conductor terminals tight on the contactor. Check that the cable is clamped tight.





① Insert the contacts (a) into the central opening of the main conductor terminals on the contactor (see below, a), with the contacts flush to the right. Make sure that the guide tabs are inserted into the designated slots on the contactor.

The overload relay will sit flush with the contactor on the left- and right-hand sides.

The following illustrations show the openings of the main conductor terminals on the contactor into which the overload relay contacts have to be inserted.

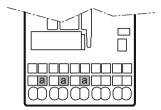


Figure 7-1 Main conductor terminals on the contactor (a) (S00)

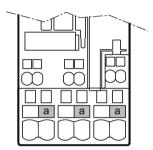


Figure 7-2 Main conductor terminals on the contactor (a) (S0)

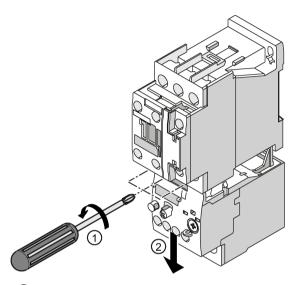
Mounting on a mounting plate (sizes S00 and S0)

Screw mounting on a mounting plate is an alternative option to DIN rail mounting. For screw mounting, the contactor first has to be fastened with screws and then the overload relay mounted on the top of the contactor as shown in the figures.

Disassembly (sizes S00 and S0)

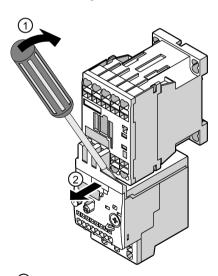
To disassemble the contactor/relay combination from the DIN rail, press the contactor down and pull it toward you.

Disassembling 3RU21 thermal overload relays with screw connection



- ① Undo the screw on the main conductor terminals.
- ② Pull the overload relay down and away from the contactor.

Disassembling 3RU21 thermal overload relays with spring-loaded connection



- Position the screwdriver on the overload relay as shown in the figure. Carefully dislodge the overload relay from the contactor.
- ② Pull the overload relay toward you and away from the contactor.

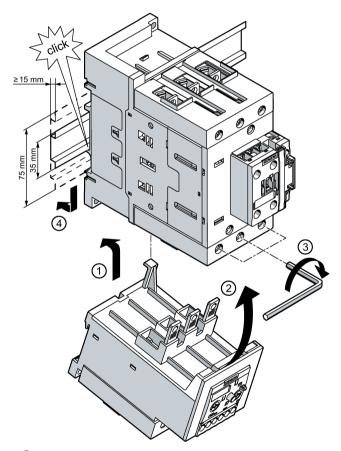
7.3.2 Thermal and electronic overload relays (S2 / S3)

Direct mounting on 3RT contactor (sizes S2 and S3)

The diagram below shows an example mounting scenario based on mounting the 3RB3 electronic overload relay (size S3) on the 3RT2 contactor. The contactor/overload relay combinations can be snapped onto 35 mm DIN rails according to EN 60715 and 75 mm DIN rails (size S3 only).

Mounting and disassembling size S2 devices is equivalent to the procedure described for size S3.





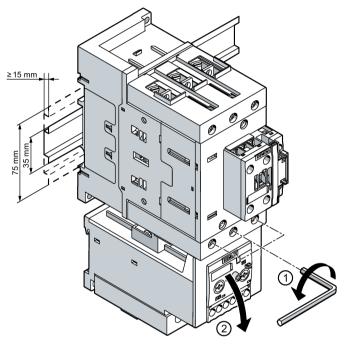
- 1 Push the overload relay into the contactor from below. Attach the hook on the overload relay to
- 2 the opening on the underside of the contactor. This pushes the main current contacts into the corresponding socket contacts on the contactor.
- Screw the main conductor terminals tight on the contactor. Check that the cable is clamped tight.
- 4 Position the contactor/relay combination on the top edge of the DIN rail and press it down until it snaps onto the bottom edge of the DIN rail.

Mounting on a mounting plate (sizes S2 and S3)

Screw mounting on a mounting plate is an alternative option to DIN rail mounting. For screw mounting, the contactor first has to be fastened with screws and then the overload relay mounted on the top of the contactor as shown in the figures.

Disassembly (sizes S2 and S3)

3RB3 electronic overload relay disassembly



- ① Undo the screws on the main conductor terminals.
- 2 Pull the overload relay down and away from the contactor.

7.3.3 Electronic overload relays (S6)

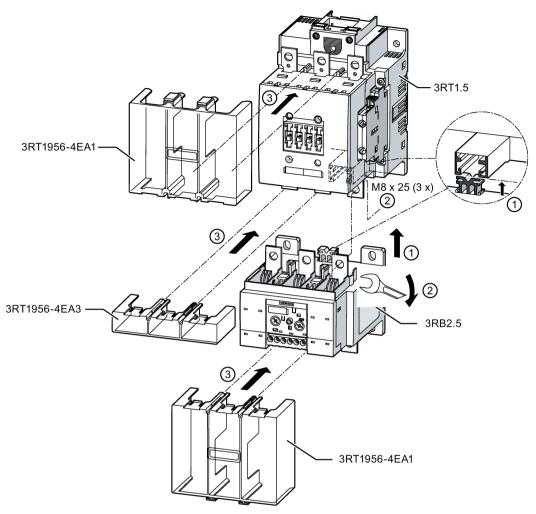
Direct mounting on 3RT contactor (size S6)

The contactor/overload relay combinations in size S6 are designed for screw mounting on a mounting plate.

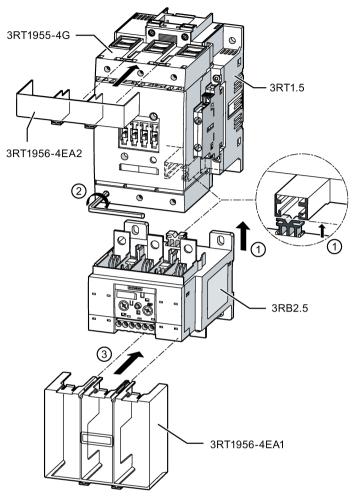
The following illustrations show mounting of the 3RB2 electronic overload relay (size S6) on the 3RT1 contactor with the terminal covers and covers for box terminal blocks available as accessories:

- Bus connection
- Connection with box terminal block
- Connection with box terminal block and through-hole technology

3RB2 electronic overload relay (busbar connection) installation



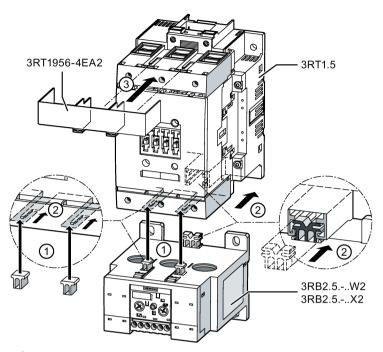
- Slide the electronic overload relay onto the contactor from below.
 Make sure that the tab on the upper side of the electronic overload relay's enclosure is not inserted into the contactor's guide.
- ② Screw the electronic overload relay onto the contactor with the screws provided for this purpose.
- 3 As shown in the figure, slide the terminal covers for covering the busbars into the openings provided on the box terminal block of the electronic overload relay and on the contactor.



Mounting the 3RB2 electronic overload relay (connection with box terminal block)

- Slide the electronic overload relay onto the contactor from below.
 Make sure that the tab on the upper side of the electronic overload relay's enclosure is not inserted into the contactor's guide.
- ② Screw the main conductor terminals tight on the contactor. Check that the cable is clamped tight.
- 3 As shown in the figure, slide the cover for the box terminal blocks into the openings provided on the box terminal block of the electronic overload relay and on the contactor.

Mounting the 3RB2 electronic overload relay (connection with box terminal block and through-hole technology)



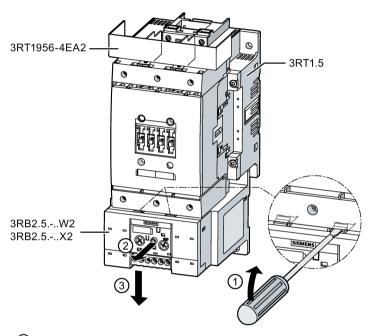
- ① Slide the electronic overload relay onto the contactor from below.
- Make sure that the three tabs on the upper side of the electronic overload relay's enclosure are inserted into the contactor's guides.
- 3 As shown in the figure, slide the cover for the box terminal block into the openings provided on the contactor.

Disassembly (size S6)

Disassembly of contactor/overload relay combinations with busbar connection and connection with box terminal is done in the reverse order.

The following illustration shows disassembly of the 3RB2 electronic overload relay from the 3RT1 contactor (connection with box terminal block and through-hole technology).

Disassembling the 3RB2 electronic overload relay (connection with box terminal block and through-hole technology)



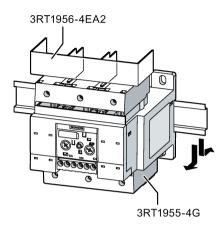
- Slide the screwdriver into the opening on the electronic overload relay as shown in the figure and press it down.
- 2 Pull the electronic overload relay toward you.
- ③ Pull the electronic overload relay down and away from the contactor.

7.3 Mounting/Disassembly

Stand-alone assembly (size S6)

3RB205 electronic overload relays in size S6 are suitable for screw and snap mounting on 35 mm DIN rails without an additional terminal support for stand-alone installation.

3RB2 electronic overload relay installation on DIN rail



7.3.4 Solid state overload relays (S10 / S12)

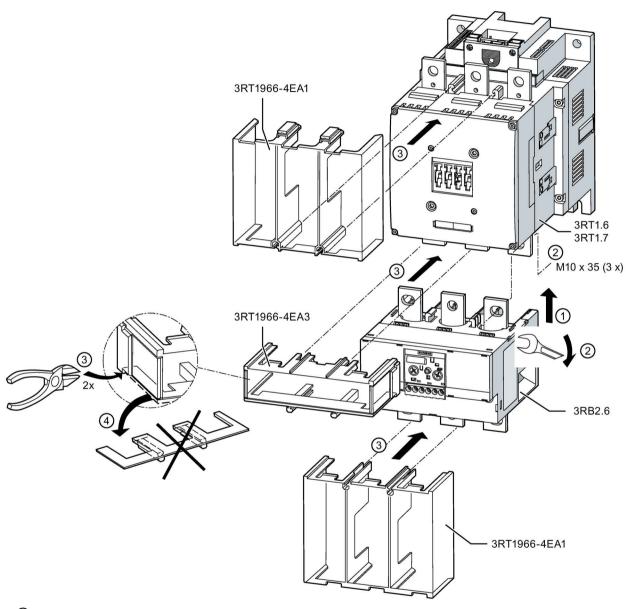
Direct mounting on 3RT contactor (size S10 / S12)

The contactor/overload relay combinations in size S10 / S12 are designed for screw mounting on a mounting plate.

7.3 Mounting/Disassembly

The following illustration shows mounting of the 3RB2 electronic overload relay (sizes S10 / S12) on the 3RT1 contactor (busbar connection) with the terminal covers and covers for box terminal blocks available as accessories:

3RB2 electronic overload relay (busbar connection) installation



- ① Slide the electronic overload relay onto the contactor from below.
- Screw the electronic overload relay onto the contactor with the screws provided for this purpose.
- 3 As shown in the figure, slide the terminal covers for covering the busbars into the openings provided on the box terminal block of the electronic overload relay and on the contactor.
- 4 As shown in the illustration, break a side section out of the terminal cover for covering the busbars.

Disassembly (size S10 / S12)

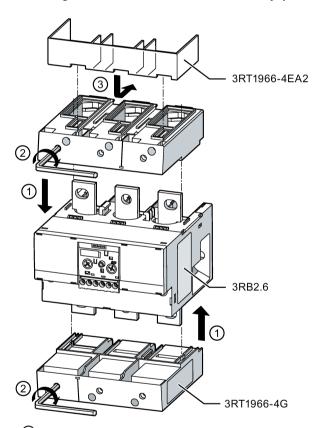
Disassembly of contactor/overload relay combinations with busbar connection is done in the reverse order.

Stand-alone installation

3RB206 electronic overload relays in size S10 /S12 are suitable for screw mounting.

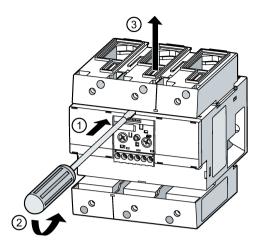
The following figures show how to mount and disassemble the box terminal block and the terminal covers for box terminal blocks available as accessories onto the 3RB2 electronic overload relay.

Mounting the 3RB2 electronic overload relay (connection with box terminal block)



- 1 Place the box terminal block on the electronic overload relay.
- ② Screw the box terminal block tight on the contactor. Check whether the box terminal block is fitted firmly.
- 3 As shown in the figure, slide the terminal cover for the box terminal block into the openings provided on the box terminal block of the electronic overload relay.

Disassembling the 3RB2 electronic overload relay (connection with box terminal block)



- ① Position the screwdriver on the center of the electronic overload relay as shown in the figure.
- ② Slightly lever open the box terminal block to dislodge it.
- 3 Detach the box terminal block from the electronic overload relay in the upward direction.

Connection

8.1 Connection

Connection types

The electronic and thermal overload relays are available with the following connection types.

3RU2 thermal overload relays

- Size S00 and S0:
 - Main and auxiliary circuits: optional screw-type or spring-loaded connection
- Size S2:
 - Main circuit: Screw connection with box terminal
 - Auxiliary circuit: optional screw-type or spring-loaded connection
- Size S3:
 - Main circuit: screw connection with box terminal (ring terminal lug connection or busbar connection after removal of the box terminal block is optionally possible)
 - Auxiliary circuit: optional screw-type or spring-loaded connection

8.1 Connection

3RB20 and 3RB21 electronic overload relays

- Size S6:
 - Main circuit: busbar connection with through-hole technology
 - Auxiliary circuit: optional screw-type or spring-loaded connection
- Sizes S10 / S12:
 - Main circuit: Bus connection
 - Auxiliary circuit: optional screw-type or spring-loaded connection

3RB30 and 3RB31 electronic overload relays

- Sizes S00 and S0:
 - Main and auxiliary circuits: optionally screw or spring-type terminals
- Size S2:
 - Main circuit: Screw connection with box terminal or through-hole technology
 - Auxiliary circuit: optional screw-type or spring-loaded connection
- Size S3:
 - Main circuit: Screw connection with box terminal or through-hole technology
 - Auxiliary circuit: optional screw-type or spring-loaded connection

Conductor cross-sections

The conductor cross-sections of the devices in the SIRIUS modular system are matched to one another on a size-specific basis.

Coil repeat and auxiliary switch repeat terminal

In the case of size S00 3RU21 thermal overload relays and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays, direct contactor mounting involves the feed-through of the auxiliary switch and coil terminals A2 on the contactor. This makes wiring much easier.

Touch protection

Please observe the information in Chapter "Technical specifications (Page 147)" with regard to touch protection for 3RU21 thermal overload relays and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays (according to IEC 60529). Devices in sizes S00 and S0 with screw-type and spring-loaded connection systems are finger-safe. Additional terminal covers (accessories) are required to ensure devices with busbar connections (sizes S6 to S10 / S12) are finger-safe.

Note

3RU2 and 3RB3 devices (sizes S2 and S3) have degree of protection IP00 in the area of the main circuit connecting terminals.

3RB2 (size S6) and 3RB3 (sizes S2 and S3) devices with through-hole connection technology have degree of protection IP20.

8.2 Connection of 3RU21 overload relay

Control circuit

An additional power supply is not required for the operation of 3RU21 thermal overload relays.

Connection of terminals

The terminal labels and a description of the operator controls of the 3RU21 thermal overload relays can be found in the chapter "3RU21 thermal overload relays (Page 23)".

Reference

More information	can be found
	in the appendix "References" under Manuals - SIRIUS Modular System (Page 168) in the "SIRIUS - System Overview" manual.

8.3 Connection of 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 overload relays

Control circuit

The 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays do not need an additional supply voltage because they power themselves via the integrated current transformers.

Connection of terminals

The terminal labels and a description of the operator controls of 3RB2 electronic overload relays can be found in Chapters "3RB20 electronic overload relays (Page 28)" and "3RB21 electronic overload relays (Page 32)".

The terminal labels and a description of the operator controls of 3RB3 electronic overload relays can be found in Chapters "3RB30 solid-state overload relays (Page 36)" and "3RB31 solid-state overload relays (Page 41)".

Reference

More information	can be found
, ,	in the appendix "References" under Manuals - SIRIUS Modular System (Page 168) in the "SIRIUS - System Overview" manual.

8.4.1 Conductor cross-sections for screw-type connection systems

Conductor cross-sections for screw-type connection systems

The tables below define the permissible conductor cross-sections for main terminals and auxiliary conductor connections in sizes S00 to S10 / S12 for screw-type connection systems.

Note

If two different conductor cross-sections are connected to one clamping point, both cross-sections must be located in the range specified.

Table 8-1 Main conductors of size S00

		Overload relay 1)
Tool	₩	Pozidriv size PZ 2, Ø 5 to 6 mm
Tightening torque		0.8 to 1.2 Nm
Solid and stranded	led - 10- -	2 x (0.5 to 1.5) mm ²
6		2 x (0.75 to 2.5) mm ²
		Max. 2 x 4 mm²
Finely stranded with end	 10 	2 x (0.5 to 1.5) mm ²
sleeve		2 x (0.75 to 2.5) mm ²
AWG		2 x (20 to 16)
		2 x (18 to 14)
		2 x 12

¹⁾ Only 1 conductor can be clamped on the stand-alone assembly support.

Table 8-2 Main conductors of size S0

		Overload relay ¹⁾
Tool	₩	Pozidriv size PZ 2, Ø 5 to 6 mm
Tightening torque		2.0 to 2.5 Nm
Solid and stranded	nded - 10	2 x (1.0 to 2.5) mm ²
		2 x (2.5 to 10) mm ²
Finely stranded with end sleeve	2 x (1 to 2.5) mm ²	
	2 x (2.5 to 6) mm ²	
		Max. 1 x 10 mm²
AWG		2 x (16 to 12)
		2 x (14 to 8)

¹⁾ Only 1 conductor can be clamped on the stand-alone assembly support.

Table 8-3 Main conductors of size S2 with box terminal block

		Overload relay 1)
Tool	₩	Pozidriv size PZ 2, Ø 5 to 6 mm
Tightening torque		3.0 to 4.5 Nm
Solid and stranded	 - 13 	2 x (1 to 35) mm ²
		1 x (1 to 50) mm ²
Finely stranded without end sleeve	+13-	_
Finely stranded with end	2 x (1 to 25) mm²	
sleeve		1 x (1 to 35) mm ²
AWG		2 x (18 to 2)
		1 x (18 to 1)

¹⁾ Only 1 conductor can be clamped on the stand-alone assembly support.

Table 8-4 Main conductors of size S3 with box terminal block

		Overload relays
Tool	min 22	4 mm Allen key
Tightening torque		4.5 6.0 Nm
Solid	-17-	2 x (2.5 16) mm ²
Stranded I+17-+1	- 17- -	2 x (6 16) mm²
		2 x (10 50) mm ²
		1 x (10 70) mm ²
Finely stranded without end sleeve	-17-	_
Finely stranded with end H-17→		2 x (2.5 35) mm ²
sleeve		1 x (2.5 50) mm ²
Ribbon cables	17	2 x (6 x 9 x 0.8)
AWG		2 x (10 to 1/0)
		1 x (10 to 2/0)

Table 8- 5 Main conductors of size S6 with box terminal block

		Electronic overload relay with box terminal block 3RT1955-4G	Electronic overload relay with box terminal block 3RT1956-4G
Tool		min 27	min 34
		4 mm Allen key	4 mm Allen key
Tightening torque		10.0 12.0 Nm	
Solid	-20-	_	
Stranded	Stranded I+20-+I	2 x (max. 70) mm²	2 x (max. 120) mm²
22/2	1 x (16 70) mm²	1 x (16 120) mm²	
Finely stranded without end sleeve	-20 →	2 x (1 x max. 50, 1 x max. 70) mm²	2 x (1 x max. 95, 1 x max. 120) mm ²
		1 x (1 70) mm²	1 x (10 120) mm²
Finely stranded with end sleeve	2 x (1 x max. 50, 1 x max. 70) mm²	2 x (1 x max. 95, 1 x max. 120) mm²	
		1 x (1 70) mm²	1 x (10 120) mm²
Ribbon cables	.20	2 x (6 x 15.5 x 0.8)	2 x (10 x 15.5 x 0.8)
		1 x (3 x 9 x 0.8 6 x 15.5 x 0.8)	1 x (3 x 9 x 0.8 10 x 15.5 x 0.8)
AWG		2 x (max. 1/0)	2 x (max. 3/0)
		1 x (6 2/0)	1 x (6 250 kcmil)

Table 8- 6 Main conductors of size S10 / S12 with box terminal block

		Electronic overload relay with box terminal block 3RT1966-4G
Tool	min 40	5 mm Allen key
Tightening torque		20.0 22.0 Nm
Solid	+20-	-
Stranded	I < -20- → I	2 x (70 240) mm²
	720	Front clamping point only: 1 x (95 300) mm²
		Rear clamping point only: 1 x (120 240) mm ²
Finely stranded without end sleeve	-20-	2 x (50 185) mm²
		Front clamping point only: 1 x (70 240) mm ²
		Rear clamping point only: 1 x (120 185) mm ²
Finely stranded with end sleeve		2 x (50 185) mm ²
		Front clamping point only: 1 x (70 240) mm ²
		Rear clamping point only: 1 x (120 185) mm ²
Ribbon cables	.20	2 x (20 x 24 x 0.5)
		1 x (6 x 9 x 0.8 20 x 24 x 0.5)
AWG		2 x (2/0 500 kcmil)
		Front clamping point only: 1 x (3/0 600 kcmil)
		Rear clamping point only: 1 x (250 500 kcmil)

Table 8-7 Main conductor connection of size S2 with through-hole technology

	Electronic overload relay
	The maximum diameter of the opening is 12.8 mm.

Table 8-8 Main conductor connection of size S3 with through-hole technology

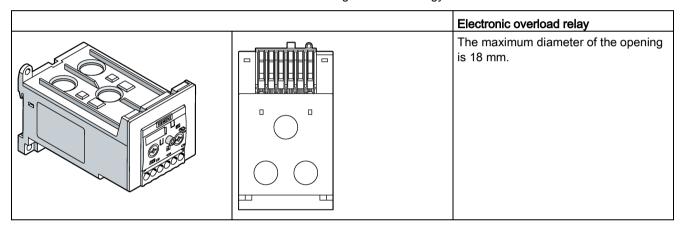


Table 8-9 Main conductor connection of size S6 with through-hole technology

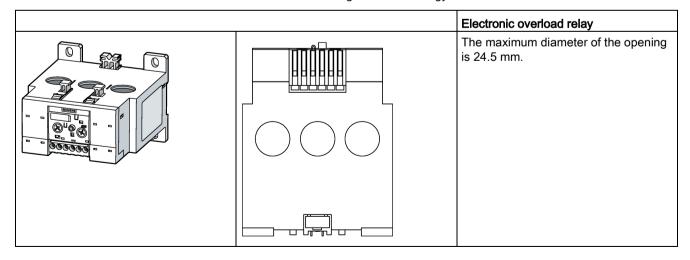


Table 8- 10 Auxiliary conductors of sizes S00 to S3 on the 3RU2 thermal overload relay

		Overload relay	
Tool	₩	Pozidriv size PZ 2, Ø 5 to 6 mm	
Tightening torque		0.8 to 1.2 Nm	
Solid and stranded	+10-+	2 x (0.5 to 1.5) mm ²	
		2 x (0.75 to 2.5) mm ²	
Finely stranded with end sleeve	 10 - 	2 x (0.5 to 1.5) mm ²	
		2 x (0.75 to 2.5) mm ²	
AWG		2 x (20 to 16)	
		2 x (18 to 14)	

Table 8- 11 Removable terminal for auxiliary conductor on the 3RB3 electronic overload relay

		Removable terminal	
Tool	*	Pozidriv size PZ 2, Ø 6 mm	
Tightening torque		0.8 to 1.2 Nm	
Solid and stranded	- -10 ->	1 x (0.5 to 4) mm ²	
		2 x (0.5 to 2.5) mm ²	
Finely stranded with end sleeve	- -10 	1 x (0.5 to 2.5) mm ²	
		2 x (0.5 to 1.5) mm ²	
AWG		2 x (20 to 14)	

8.4.2 Conductor cross-sections for spring-loaded connection systems

Conductor cross-sections for spring-loaded connection systems

The following tables define the permissible conductor cross-sections for main terminals in sizes S00 and S0, and auxiliary conductor connections in sizes S00 to S3 for spring-loaded connection systems.

Table 8- 12 Main conductors of size S00

		Overload relay
Tool	Θ	Ø3.0 x 0.5 (3RA2908-1A)
Solid and stranded	+10-+	1 x (0.5 to 4.0) mm ²
Finely stranded without end sleeve	+10-+ 	1 x (0.5 to 2.5) mm ²
Finely stranded with end sleeve	★-10-→	1 x (0.5 to 2.5) mm ²
AWG		1 x (20 to 12)

Table 8- 13 Main conductors of size S0

		Overload relay
Tool	Θ	Ø3.0 x 0.5 (3RA2908-1A)
Solid and stranded	<u>+10→</u>	1 x (1.0 to 10) mm ²
Finely stranded without end sleeve	+10-+ 	1 x (1.0 to 6.0) mm ²
Finely stranded with end sleeve	→10→	1 x (1.0 to 6.0) mm ²
AWG		1 x (18 to 8)

Table 8- 14 Auxiliary conductors of sizes S00 to S3 on the 3RU2 thermal overload relay

		Overload relay
Tool		Ø3.0 x 0.5 (3RA2908-1A)
Solid and stranded	+10-+	2 x (0.5 to 2.5) mm ²
Finely stranded without end sleeve	+10-+ 	2 x (0.5 to 2.5) mm ²
Finely stranded with end sleeve	★10→	2 x (0.5 to 1.5) mm ²
AWG		2 x (20 to 14)

Table 8-15 Removable terminal for auxiliary conductor on the 3RB3 electronic overload relay

		Removable terminal
Tool		Ø3.0 x 0.5 (3RA2908-1A)
Solid and stranded	*10-	2 x (0.25 to 1.5) mm ²
Finely stranded without end sleeve	+10-+ 	2 x (0.25 to 1.5) mm ²
Finely stranded with end sleeve	1 10 →	2 x (0.25 to 1.5) mm ²
AWG		2 x (24 to 16)

8.4.3 Conductor cross-sections for ring cable lug connection system

Conductor cross-sections for ring cable lug connection system

The tables below define the permissible conductor cross-sections for main terminals in sizes S3 to S12 for ring cable lug connection systems.

Table 8- 16 Main conductors of size S3 with M6 screws

		SIRIUS devices	
Tool	min 22	4 mm Allen key	
Tightening torque		4.5 6.0 Nm	
Busbars (M6 x 25)		2 x 12 x 4	
Ring cable lug ¹⁾		d ₂ = min. 6.3 mm	
	d ₂ d ₃	d ₃ = max. 19.0 mm	
Ring cable lug cover		3RT1946-4EA1	

- ¹⁾ The following ring cable lugs are approved for achieving the required clearances and creepage distances:
- For applications according to IEC 60947-1:
 - DIN 46237 (with insulating sleeve)
 - JIS CS805 type RAV (with insulating sleeve)
 - JIS CS805 type RAP (with insulating sleeve)
- For applications according to UL 508:
 - DIN 46234 (without insulating sleeve)
 - DIN 46225 (without insulating sleeve)
 - JIS CS805 (without insulating sleeve)

A shrink-on sleeve must be used to insulate ring cable lugs without an insulating sleeve. The following conditions must be met:

- Operating temperature: -55 °C to +155 °C
- UL 224 approved
- Flame-protected



A DANGER

Hazardous voltage. Will cause death or serious injury.

Only use approved ring cable lugs to meet the required clearances and creepage distances.

8.4 Connection cross-sections

Table 8- 17 Main conductors of size S6 with M8 screws

Electronic overload relay	Electronic overload relay with busbar connection				
Connecting bars (M8 x 25)		2 x 15 x 4			
Tightening torque 10.0 14.0 Nm		10.0 14.0 Nm			
Finely stranded with cable lug		16 95 mm ²¹⁾			
Stranded with cable lug		25 120 mm ²¹⁾			
AWG		4 250 kcmil			

When connecting cable lugs according to DIN 46235 with conductor cross-sections of 95 mm² and more, the 3RT1956-4EA1 terminal cover must be used to ensure phase clearance.

Table 8- 18 Main conductors of size S10 / S12 with M10 screws

Electronic overload relay with busbar connection				
Connecting bars (M10 x 30)		2 x 25 x 6		
Tightening torque		14.0 24.0 Nm		
Finely stranded with cable lug		50 240 mm ²¹⁾		
Stranded with cable lug		70 240 mm ²¹⁾		
AWG		2/0 500 kcmil		

When connecting cable lugs in accordance with DIN 46234 for conductor cross-sections from 240 mm², as well as DIN 46235 for cable cross-sections from 185 mm², use the 3RT1966-4EA1 terminal cover to ensure phase spacing.

Operation 9

9.1 Setting the current

Setting the rated motor current on 3RU21 and 3RB20 / 3RB31, 3RB30 / 3RB31 overload relays

3RU21 thermal overload relays and 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays are set to the rated motor current with a rotary knob.

Note

The overload relays may only be set between the upper and lower setting marks on the scale. A setting below or above the setting scale is not permissible.

The figure below shows how to set the rated motor current based on the example of the 3RU21 thermal overload relay, size S0.

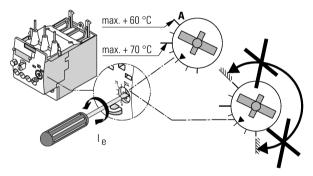


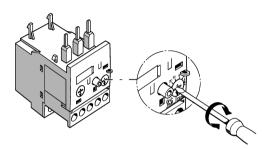
Figure 9-1 Setting the current le

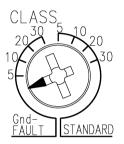
9.2 Setting the tripping class/ground-fault detection (3RB21 / 3RB31)

In the case of 3RB21 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays, it is also possible to select the tripping class (CLASS 5E, 10E, 20E or 30E) via a second rotary knob using a screwdriver and activate or deactivate internal ground-fault monitoring.

There are 8 possible settings:

- CLASS 5E, 10E, 20E and 30E without ground-fault detection (STANDARD)
- CLASS 5E, 10E, 20E and 30E without ground-fault detection (Gnd-FAULT)

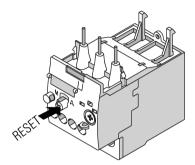




9.3 RESET after release

Manual and automatic reset

If manual reset is selected, resetting can be carried out directly on the device by pressing the RESET button.



A remote reset (remote RESET) is possible in conjunction with the mechanical and electrical RESET modules, which are available as accessories. If automatic RESET is set on the overload relay, the relay will be reset automatically.



Machine restart

Can cause death or serious injury.

If a switch-on command is present after an overload trip and a manual reset or automatic reset is performed, the machine will start up immediately. People may be injured if they stay in the danger area of the machine.

Make sure that the motor does not start up again following an overload trip until a new switch-on command has been issued (e.g. via an additional ON button) and that no one is in the machine danger zone at the time of restarting.

If, in the event of an overload trip, the electronic overload relay is used without external thermistor protection (e.g. 3RN thermistor motor protection relay), the motor may only be switched on again by properly qualified personnel.

Recovery time following overload release

This time gives the load a chance to cool down.

3RU21 thermal overload relays

The device cannot be reset until the bimetal strips have cooled down. The recovery time is dependent upon the tripping characteristic curve and the extent of the tripping current.

3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays

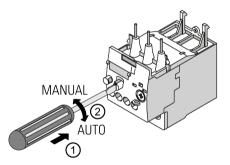
In the case of the 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays, the recovery time is stored as a fixed value and is 3 minutes following a current-dependent trip with automatic RESET selected.

Following a trip, the 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 overload relays can be immediately reset locally on the device.

Setting the RESET function on the 3RU21 thermal overload relay

On the 3RU21 thermal overload relays, automatic and manual resetting is selected by pressing and turning the blue button (RESET button). The figure below shows how to switch between automatic and manual reset on the 3RU21 thermal overload relay, size S0.

Switching between manual and automatic on the 3RU21 thermal overload relay



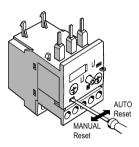
- Opening the property of the
- 2 Turn the blue RESET button to M (manual reset) or A (automatic reset).

Setting the RESET function on the 3RB30 /3RB31 electronic overload relay

In the case of the 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays, a slide switch can be used to choose between automatic and manual reset.

As an alternative to the local reset options, an electrical remote RESET (manual/automatic) can be implemented on 3RB21 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays by applying a 24 V DC voltage at terminals A3 and A4, which actuates an internal relay. To ensure that the internal relay will reliably switch, the voltage needs to be applied for at least 200 ms. During switching, the relay's current consumption amounts to as much as 200 mA for up to 20 ms, after which it drops to below 10 mA.

Switching between manual and automatic on 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays



① Using a screwdriver, slide the switch to the required position.

Reference

More information	Can be found in the Chapter
about optional mechanical and electrical RESET modules	Accessories (Page 123)

9.4 TEST function

Test function for the 3RU21 thermal overload relay

Correct functioning of the operational 3RU21 thermal overload relay can only be checked with the TEST slide. The tripping of the relay can be simulated by moving the slide with a screwdriver. This simulation process opens the NC contact and closes the NO contact, thereby checking that the auxiliary circuit has been wired to the overload relay correctly.

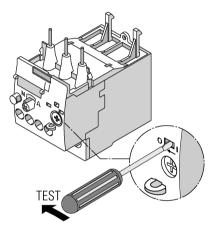


Figure 9-2 Executing a device test

Resetting

If the overload relay has been set to automatic RESET, the overload relay is automatically reset when the TEST slide is released. The relay must be reset with the RESET button if it has been set to manual RESET.

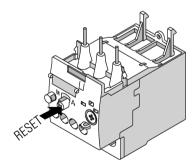


Figure 9-3 Resetting following device test

Test function in the case of 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays

Correct functioning of the relay when ready for operation can only be checked by pressing the TEST button with the motor current flowing (device/electronics test). Current sensing, the motor model, and the tripping unit are tested.

You will find details of the procedure for conducting the test and the necessary prerequisites in Chapter "Safety instructions for use in hazardous areas (3RB2 and 3RB3) (Page 69)".

9.5 Response of the auxiliary contacts

Auxiliary contacts

The overload relay is equipped with an NO contact (NO 97-98) for the "tripped" signal and an NC contact (NC 95-96) for disconnecting the contactor. The auxiliary contacts have high contact reliability; this makes them suitable for PLCs. Furthermore, the high switching capacity facilitates direct switching of the contactor coil.

The table below shows how the auxiliary contacts respond when the TEST, STOP (3RU21 only), and RESET buttons are pressed.

	READY	TEST	STOP	RESET
NC 95/96		3		4
NO 97/98				3
Switch position indica- tor 3RB2 / 3RB3	IIIO	I		IШO
Switch position indica- tor 3RU21	O□I	OII	0	o□ I

9.5 Response of the auxiliary contacts

Accessories 10

10.1 Accessories

For maximum flexibility, accessories can be added to the overload relays as required, easily, and without the need for tools.

Accessories	3RU21	3RB20	3RB30	3RB21	3RB31
Terminal support for stand-alone assembly	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Release slide (mechanical remote RESET), compatible for use with all sizes	✓	✓	✓	√	✓
Cable release (mechanical remote RESET), compatible for use with all sizes	✓	✓	✓	√	✓
Module for electrical remote RESET, compatible for use with all sizes	✓			-	
Integrated electrical remote RESET 24 V DC				✓	✓
Terminal covers for ring terminal lug connections and busbar connection	✓			-	
Sealable cover	✓	✓	✓	√	✓
Terminal covers for ring terminal lug connections and busbar connection (sizes S2, S3, S6 and S10 / 12 only)		✓	✓	✓	✓
Terminal covers for box terminals (sizes S3, S6 and S10 / 12 only)		✓	~	✓	~
Terminal covers for screw connection (sizes S6 and S10 / 12 only)		√		✓	
Box terminal blocks (sizes S6 and S10 / 12 only)		√		√	

10.2 Terminal support for stand-alone assembly

10.2.1 Description

3RU21 thermal overload relays and 3RB30/3RB31 electronic overload relays in sizes S00 to S3 can also be installed individually with the terminal supports for stand-alone assembly.

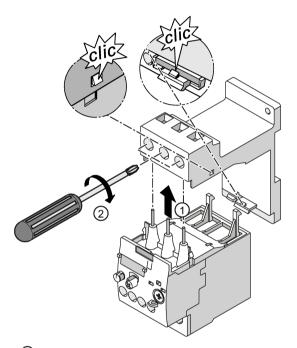
The terminal supports for stand-alone assembly are available for the sizes S00 and S0 in screw-type and spring-loaded connection systems. In sizes S2 and S3, the terminal support for stand-alone assembly is available in screw-type connection technology. A terminal support can be mounted on the thermal overload relay as well as on the electronic overload relay.

10.2.2 Mounting/Disassembly

The terminal supports can be snapped onto 35 mm DIN rails according to DIN EN 60715. They can also be screw-mounted.

The figures below show how the terminal support for stand-alone assembly is mounted and removed, based on the example of a 3RU21 thermal overload relay (size S00 / S0 and S3). Mounting and disassembling size S2 devices is equivalent to the procedure described for size S3.

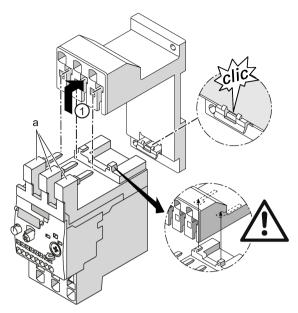
Mounting the terminal support (screw-type connection system) size S00 / S0



- ① Guide the overload relay into the terminal support from below.
- ② Screw the contacts tight.

 Check that the cables are clamped tight.

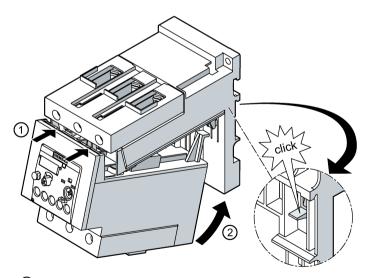
Mounting the terminal support (spring-loaded connection system) size S00 / S0



Insert the contacts (a) into the central opening of the main conductor terminals on the terminal support, with the contacts flush to the right.

Make sure that the guide tabs are inserted into the designated slots on the terminal support.

Mounting the terminal support (screw-type connection system) size S2 / S3

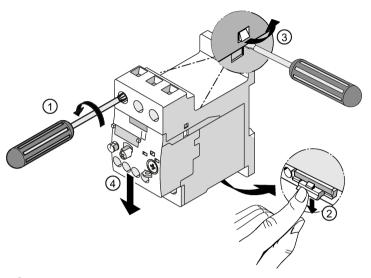


① Guide the overload relay into the terminal support from below with a swivel movement.

2

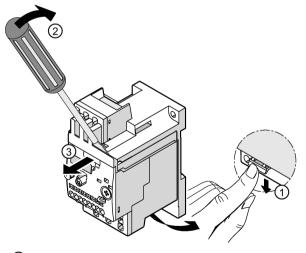
Disassembly

Disassembling the terminal support (screw-type connection system) size S00 / S0



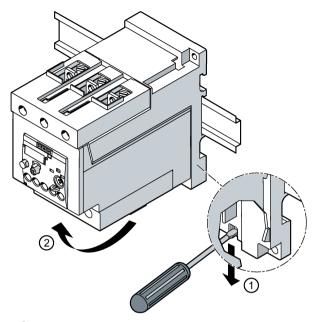
- ① Undo the screws on the main conductor terminals.
- 2 Release the overload relay by pushing down the clip on the underside of the terminal support.
- 3 Release the terminal support from the overload relay with a screwdriver (only on size S00 and S0 devices).
- 4 Pull the overload relay down and away from the terminal support.

Disassembly of the terminal support (spring-loaded connection system) size S00 / S0

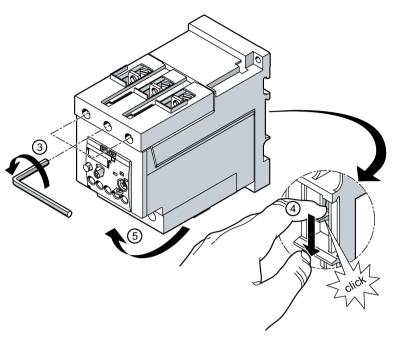


- Release the overload relay by pushing down the clip on the underside of the terminal support.
- Position the screwdriver on the terminal support as shown in the figure. Carefully dislodge the overload relay from the contactor.
- 3 Pull the overload relay forward and away from the terminal support.

Disassembling the terminal support (screw-type connection system) size S2 / S3



- ① Release the terminal support by pushing down the clip on the underside of the terminal support using a screwdriver.
- ② Remove the terminal support with the mounted overload relay from the mounting rail with a swivel movement to the front.



- 3 Undo the screws on the main conductor terminals using an Allen key.
- 4 Release the overload relay by pushing down the clip on the rear of the terminal support.
- ⑤ Pull the overload relay forward and away from the terminal support with a swivel movement.

10.3 Mechanical remote RESET

Available versions

A mechanical remote reset option is also available for thermal overload relays and solidstate overload relays. There are two options for mechanical remote RESET:

- Release slide (Page 130)
- Cable release with holder for built-in overload relays which are hard to reach (Page 132)

10.3.1 Release slide

10.3.1.1 Description

Release slide

There is one release slide for thermal overload relays and one for solid-state overload relays; both are compatible for use with all sizes. The release slide with holder and former is used to activate the RESET from the control cabinet door; it is shortened to the required length. A pushbutton with extended travel and an extension plunger for compensation of the distance between the pushbutton and the relay's unlocking button are available for the release slide.

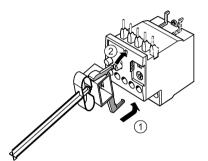
10.3.1.2 Mounting/Disassembly

The figure below shows how the release slide, the holder, the former, and the pushbutton are mounted based on the example of a size S00 3RU21 thermal overload relay:

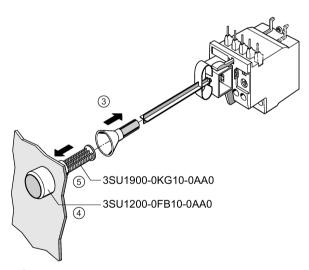
Prerequisite

Before the release slide can be mounted, the release slide and the optional extension plunger have to be shortened to the required length.

Mounting the release slide



- ① Attach the hook on the release slide to the designated opening on the overload relay.
- 2 Fold the module up so that the locking latch snaps into the overload relay.



- 3 Attach the former to the release slide.
- Fit the pushbutton (3SU1200-0FB10-0AA0) in the front cover.
- (Optional) Attach the pushbutton to the extension plunger (3SU1900-0KG10-0AA0).

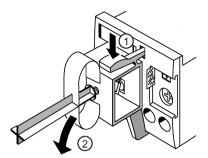
Note

Continuous operation of the RESET button is not permissible.

Disassembly

The figure below shows how to disassemble the holder based on the example of the 3RU21 thermal overload relay:

Disassembling the release slide



- Press the locking latch down.
- 2 Tilt the module toward you and take it off the overload relay.

10.3.2 Cable release

10.3.2.1 Description

Cable release (compatible for use with all sizes)

There is one cable release with holder for built-in overload relays which are hard to reach for thermal overload relays and another for solid-state relays; both are compatible for use with all sizes.

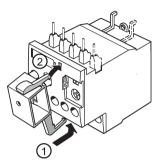
The cable is available in the following lengths:

- 400 mm and
- 600 mm

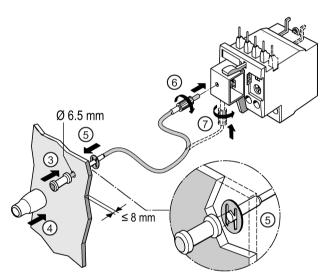
10.3.2.2 Mounting/Disassembly

The figure below shows how the cable release with holder is mounted based on the example of a size S00 3RU21 thermal overload relay:

Mounting the cable release



- ① Attach the hook on the release slide to the designated opening on the overload relay.
- ② Fold the module up so that the locking latch snaps into the overload relay.



- 3 Fit the actuating element in the front cover.
- 4 Attach the sleeve to the actuating element.
- 5 Secure the actuating element with the spring lock washer.
- 6 Insert the cable release into the appropriate opening.
- Tighten the cable release.

DANGER

Hazardous voltage. Risk of death or serious injury.

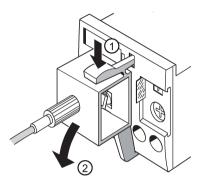
Turn off and lock out all power supplying this device before working on this device.

The cable pull must not come into contact with live parts.

Disassembly

The figure below shows how to disassemble the holder for the cable release based on the example of the 3RU21 thermal overload relay:

Cable release disassembly



- 1 Press the locking latch down.
- ② Tilt the module toward you and take it off the overload relay.

10.4 Module for electrical remote RESET (3RU21 only)

10.4.1 Description

Function

An electrical remote RESET module which is compatible for use with all sizes is available for the 3RU21 thermal overload relay. This module enables the overload relay to be reset electrically from the control room following tripping. The module's coil is dimensioned for an operating duration of 0.2 s to 4 s; maintained-contact operation is not permissible.

10.4.2 Connecting remote reset

Connection

The screw connections on the terminals of the electrical remote RESET module have the same format as the screw connections on the auxiliary contacts of the 3RU21 overload relay.

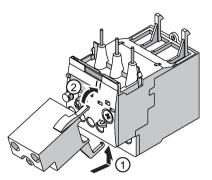
Table 10-1 Connection data for the remote RESET

Operating range	The operating range of the coil is 0.85 to 1.1 x Us
Power input	The power input of the electrical remote RESET module is: 80 V AC, 70 W DC
Switching frequency	60/h
Voltages	The electrical remote RESET module is available for the following voltages:
	• 24 to 30 V AC/VDC
	• 110 to 127 V AC/VDC
	• 220 to 250 V AC/VDC

10.4.3 Mounting/Disassembly

The figure below shows how to assemble the electrical remote RESET module based on the example of size S0.

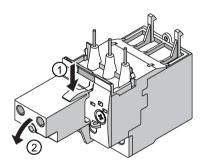
Mounting the electrical remote RESET module on the thermal overload relay



- ① Attach the hook to the designated opening.
- ② Fold the module up so that the locking latch snaps into the overload relay.

Disassembly

Disassembling the electrical remote RESET module from the thermal overload relay



- Press the locking latch down.
- 2 Tilt the module toward you and take it off the overload relay.

10.5 Sealable cover

10.5.1 Description

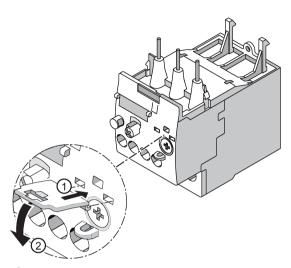
Sealable cover

There is one sealable cover for thermal overload relays and one for electronic relays; both are compatible for use with all sizes. The 3RV2908-0P cover can be used as an accessory for 3RU2 thermal overload relays and 3RV2 motor starter protectors/circuit breakers (acc. to UL).

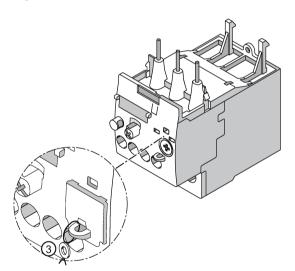
The sealable cover 3RB3984-0 for 3RB2 and 3RB3 electronic overload relays can be used to protect the rotary button for setting the rated motor current and the CO contact for the tripping classes (3RB21 / 3RB31 only) against unauthorized manipulation.

10.5.2 Mounting

Mounting the sealable cover on the 3RU21 overload relay

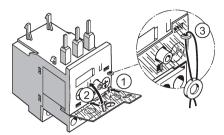


- ① Attach the hooks on the cover in the openings on the overload relay.
- ② Tilt the cover down.



3 Seal the cover to secure it against unauthorized removal.

Mounting the sealable cover 3RB3984-0 on the $\,$ 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 overload relays



- ① Attach the hooks on the cover in the openings on the overload relay.
- ② Tilt the cover up.
- 3 Seal the cover to secure it against unauthorized removal.

10.6 Terminal cover for cable lug connection and busbar connection

10.6.1 Description

Terminal cover for cable lug connection and busbar connection

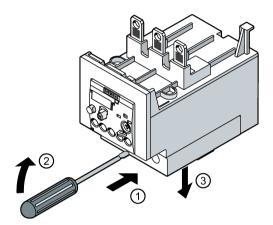
For the thermal and the electronic overload relays (sizes S3 to S10 / S12), there is one terminal cover each for cable lug connection and busbar connection.

For connection of conductors with ring cable lugs or connecting bars, the box terminal blocks of the size S3 devices can be detached. The terminal cover is available as touch protection and to ensure the necessary clearances and creepage distances when box terminal blocks have been removed.

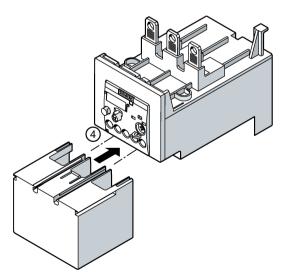
10.6.2 Mounting

Mounting the terminal cover for cable lug connection and busbar connection

The diagram below shows an example mounting scenario of the terminal cover for cable lug connection and busbar connection based on mounting the 3RU21 thermal overload relay in size S3.



- ① Position the screwdriver on the terminal support as shown in the figure, in the middle between the overload relay and the removable box terminal block.
- ② Carefully lever the detachable box terminal block from the overload relay.
- 3 Detach the detachable box terminal block from the overload relay in the downward direction.



4 Slide the terminal cover for cable lug connection and busbar connection into the guide tabs on the overload relay.

10.7 Terminal covers for box terminal block

10.7.1 Description

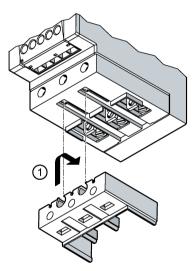
Terminal covers for box terminal block

Terminal covers for box terminal blocks are available for the overload relays (sizes S2, S3, S6 and up to S10 / S12).

10.7.2 Mounting

Mounting the terminal cover for the box terminal block

The diagram below shows an example mounting scenario of the terminal cover for box terminal block based on mounting the 3RU21 thermal overload relay in size S3.



Slide the terminal cover for the box terminal block into the openings provided on the box terminal block of the overload relay.

10.8 Box terminal block

10.8.1 Description

Box terminal block

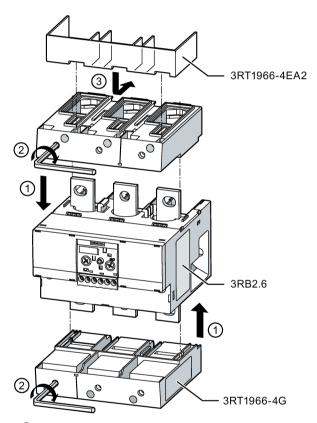
Box terminal blocks for round conductors and for ribbon cables are each available for the electronic overload relays (sizes S6 and S10 / S12).

10.8.2 Mounting

Mounting the box terminal block

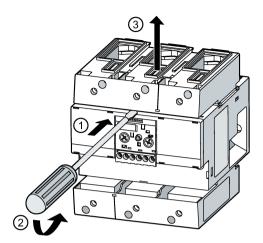
The following figures show how to mount and disassemble the box terminal block and the terminal covers for box terminal blocks onto the 3RB2 electronic overload relay in sizes S10 / S12.

Mounting the 3RB2 electronic overload relay (connection with box terminal block)



- ① Place the box terminal block on the electronic overload relay.
- Screw the box terminal block tight on the contactor. Check whether the box terminal block is fitted firmly.
- 3 As shown in the figure, slide the terminal cover for the box terminal block into the openings provided on the box terminal block of the electronic overload relay.

Disassembling the 3RB2 electronic overload relay (connection with box terminal block)



- ① Position the screwdriver on the center of the electronic overload relay as shown in the figure.
- ② Slightly lever open the box terminal block to dislodge it.
- 3 Detach the box terminal block from the electronic overload relay in the upward direction.

10.8 Box terminal block

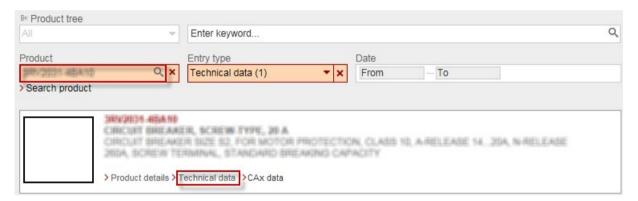
Technical data

11.1 Technical data in Siemens Industry Online Support

Technical data sheet

You can also find the technical data of the product at Siemens Industry Online Support (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/ps/16269/td).

- 1. Enter the full article number of the desired device in the "Product" field, and confirm with the Enter key.
- 2. Click the "Technical data link.



11.2 Overview tables

Overview tables technical data

You will find overview tables with technical data in the "Product information" tab in our online ordering system

(https://mall.industry.siemens.com/mall/en/ww/Catalog/Products/8210541?tree=CatalogTree).

11.3 Performance features

11.3.1 General data

Table 11-1 General data for 3RU21, 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 overload relays

Feature	Description	3RU21	3RB30/3RB31	3RB20 / 3RB21
Sizes	 Are matched to the dimensions, connections and technical fea- tures of the other devices in the SIRIUS modular system 	S00 / S0 / S2 / S3	S00 / S0 / S2 / S3	S6 S10 / S12
	 Permit the mounting of slim-line and compact load feeders in widths of 45 mm (S00), 45 mm (S0), 55 mm (S2), 70 mm (S3), 120 mm (S6) and 145 mm (S10 / S12) 			
	 Make configuration easier 			
Overlapping current range	 Allows straightforward and consistent configuration with one series of overload relays (for small to large loads) 	0.11 100 A	0.1 115 A	50 630 A

11.3.2 Protection functions - overview

Table 11- 2 Protection functions for 3RU21, 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 overload relays

Feature	Description	3RU21	3RB30/3 RB31	3RB20 / 3RB21
Tripping in the event of over- load	Provides optimum current-dependent protection of loads against impermissibly high temperature rise due to overload	✓	✓	✓
Tripping in the event of phase asymmetry	Provides optimum current-dependent protection of loads against impermissibly high temperature rise due to phase asymmetry	✓	✓	√
Tripping in the event of phase failure	Minimizes the temperature rise of the three-phase motor in the event of a phase failure	✓	✓	✓
Protection of single-phase loads	Enables single-phase loads to be protected	✓		
Tripping in the event of ground fault by means of internal ground-fault detection (can be activated)	 Provides optimum protection of loads in the event of high-impedance faults to ground caused by moisture, condensa- tion, damaged insulation, etc. Eliminates the need for additional special equipment 		√ (3RB31 only)	√ (3RB21 only)
	Saves space in the control cabinet			
	Reduces wiring time and wiring costs			

11.3 Performance features

11.3.3 Equipment

Table 11-3 Features of 3RU21, 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 overload relays

Feature	Description	3RU21	3RB30/3 RB31	3RB20 / 3RB21
RESET function	Enables manual or automatic resetting of the relay	✓	✓	✓
Remote RESET function	Enables remote resetting of the relay	√ 1)	√ 2)	√ 2)
TEST function for auxiliary contacts	Enables simple function testing and wiring	✓	✓	✓
TEST function for electronics	Allows checking of the electronics		✓	✓
Status display	Displays the current operating state	✓	✓	✓
Integrated auxiliary contacts:				
1 NO contact	Can be used to output signals	✓	✓	✓
1 NC contact	Enable shutdown of the connected contactor to protect the load	✓	✓	✓

¹⁾ Via a separate module.

 $^{^{\}rm 2)}$ Only on the 3RB21 / 3RB31 electrically with 24 V DC.

11.3.4 Features of overload relays

Table 11- 4 Additional characteristics of 3RU21 thermal overload relays and 3RB20 / 3RB21 and 3RB30 / 3RB31 electronic overload relays

Feature	Description	3RU21	3RB20 / 3RB21 3RB30/3RB 31
Temperature compensation	 Allows the use of the relays without derating even at high temperatures Prevents premature tripping Allows compact control cabinet installation without clearance between the devices/load feeders Simplifies configuration Enables space to be saved in the control cabinet 	✓	√
High long-term stability	Provides reliable protection of loads even after years under severe operating conditions	✓	✓
Wide setting ranges	 Reduce the number of variants Minimize the engineering outlay and costs Enable savings to be made where storage overheads, storage costs, and tied-up capital are concerned 		√ (1:4)
Variable setting of tripping classes (The required tripping class can be set dependent upon the prevailing starting conditions using a rotary switch.)	 Reduces the number of versions Minimizes the configuring outlay and costs Minimizes storage overhead, storage costs, and tied-up capital 		√ (3RB21 / 3R B31 only)
Tripping class CLASS 5E	Enables solutions for motors which start up very quickly and require special protection measures		√ (3RB21 / 3R B31 only)
Tripping class > CLASS 10E	Enable solutions for heavy-duty starting		✓
Low power loss	 Reduces power consumption (power consumption is up to 98% less than with thermal overload relays) and thus energy costs Minimizes the temperature rise of the contactor and the control cabinet - in some cases this may eliminate the need for control cabinet cooling Enables space to be saved through direct mounting on the contactor even at high motor currents (i.e. no heat decoupling is required) 		✓
Intrinsic supply	Eliminates the need for configuration and connecting an additional control circuit	1)	✓

¹⁾ As SIRIUS 3RU21 thermal overload relays work on the basis of the bimetal principle, they do not require a control supply voltage.

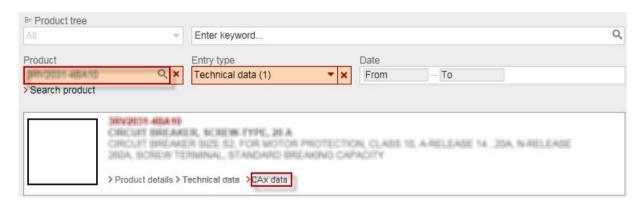
11.3 Performance features

Circuit diagrams 12

12.1 CAx data

You can find the CAx data in the Siemens Industry Online Support (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/ps/16269/td).

- 1. Enter the full article number of the desired device in the "Product" field, and confirm with the Enter key.
- 2. Click the "CAx data link.



12.2 Internal circuit diagrams 3RU2

Internal circuit diagrams for 3RU21

3RU2116-..B., 3RU2116-..J.

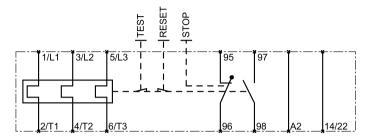


Figure 12-1 Thermal overload relay, screw-type connection, S00

3RU2116-..C.

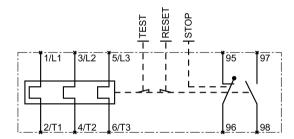


Figure 12-2 Thermal overload relay, spring-loaded connection system, S00

3RU2126-....

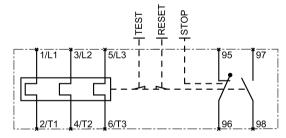


Figure 12-3 Thermal overload relay, S0

3RU2136-....

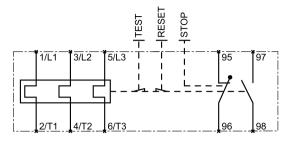


Figure 12-4 Thermal overload relay, S2

3RU2146-....

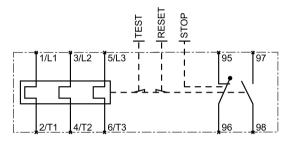


Figure 12-5 Thermal overload relay, S3

12.3 3RB20 internal circuit diagrams

3RB20 internal circuit diagrams

3RB205.

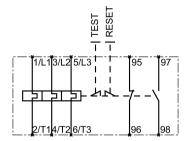


Figure 12-6 3RB20, S6 electronic overload relay

3RB206.

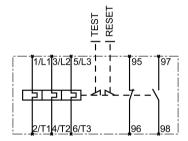


Figure 12-7 3RB20 electronic overload relay, sizes, S10 / S12

12.4 3RB21 internal circuit diagrams

Internal circuit diagrams for 3RB21

3RB2153

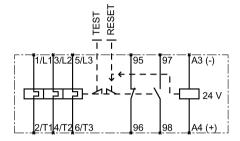


Figure 12-8 3RB21, S6 electronic overload relay

3RB2163

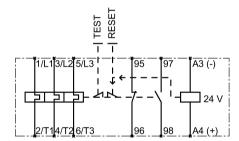


Figure 12-9 3RB21, S10 / S12 electronic overload relay

12.5 Internal circuit diagrams 3RB30

Internal circuit diagrams for 3RB30

3RB3016-..B.

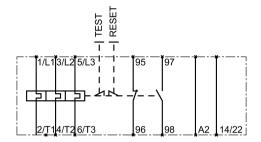


Figure 12-10 3RB30 electronic overload relay, screw-type connection system, S00

3RB3016-..E.

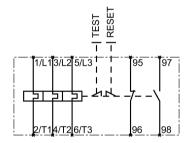


Figure 12-11 3RB30 electronic overload relay, spring-loaded connection system, S00

3RB3026-....

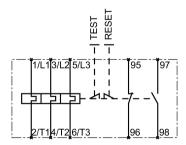


Figure 12-12 3RB30 electronic overload relay, S0

3RB3036-....

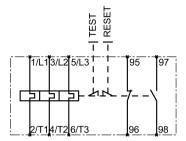


Figure 12-13 3RB30 electronic overload relay, S2

3RB3046-....

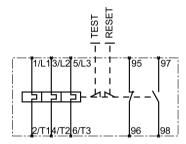


Figure 12-14 3RB30 electronic overload relay, S3

12.6 Internal circuit diagrams 3RB31

Internal circuit diagrams for 3RB31

3RB3113-..B.

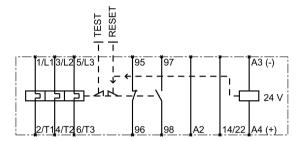


Figure 12-15 3RB31 electronic overload relay, screw-type connection system, S00

3RB3113-..E.

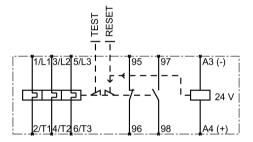


Figure 12-16 3RB31 electronic overload relay, spring-loaded connection system, S00

3RB3123-....

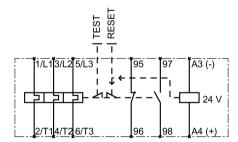


Figure 12-17 3RB31 electronic overload relay, S0

3RB3133-....

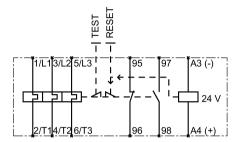


Figure 12-18 3RB31 electronic overload relay, S2

3RB3143-....

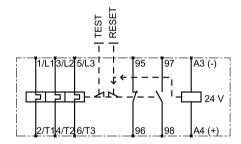


Figure 12-19 3RB31 electronic overload relay, S3

12.7 Wiring examples

Typical circuit diagrams for 3RU

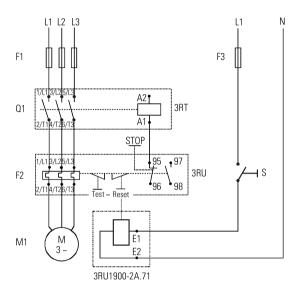
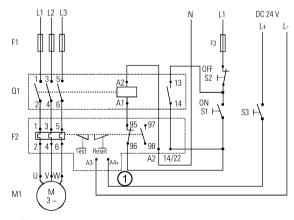


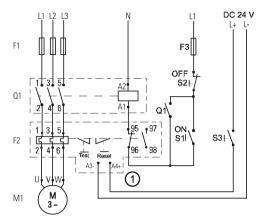
Figure 12-20 3RU

Typical circuit diagrams for 3RB



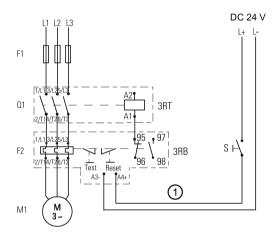
① Electrical remote RESET (3RB31 only)

Figure 12-21 3RB3.1.-..B0



① Electrical remote RESET (3RB21 / 3RB31 only)

Figure 12-22 3RB3.1.-..E0 3RB3.2.-..B0 3RB3.2.-..E0 3RB2.



① Electrical remote RESET (3RB31 only)

Figure 12-23 3RB3.3.-...

12.7 Wiring examples

Types of coordination



Types of coordination

Standard DIN EN 60947-4-1 (VDE 0660 Part 102) or IEC 60947-4-1 distinguishes between two types of coordination (type of coordination), which are referred to as coordination type "1" and coordination type "2". In the case of both types of coordination, the short-circuit is reliably mastered. the only differences are in the extent of the damage sustained by the device following a short circuit.

Type of coordination 1

The load feeder may be non-operational after a short circuit has been cleared. Damage to the contactor and the overload release is also permissible.

Type of coordination 2

After short-circuit disconnection, there must be no damage to the overload release or to any other part. The load feeder can resume operation without needing to be renewed. Welding of the contactor contacts only is permitted if these can be separated easily without significant deformation.

References

B.1 References

Further references

You will find further information on the 3RU2 and 3RB2 / 3RB3 overload relays on the Internet (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/20357459/133300).

In addition to this manual, please refer to the operating instructions and manuals for any accessories. You can download the relevant documentation from the Internet (http://www.siemens.com/sirius/manuals). Simply enter the article number of the relevant item into the search field.

Operating instructions

Title	Article number
SIRIUS thermal overload relay S00 / S0 (3RU2116 / 3RU2126)	3ZX1012-0RU21-1AA1
SIRIUS thermal overload relay S2 (3RU2136)	3ZX1012-0RU21-3AA1
SIRIUS thermal overload relay S3 (3RU2146)	3ZX1012-0RU21-4AA1
SIRIUS electronic overload relay S00 / S0 (3RB301 and 3RB311 / 3RB302 and 3RB312)	3ZX1012-0RB30-1AA1
SIRIUS electronic overload relay S2 (3RB303 and 3RB313)	3ZX1012-0RB30-3AA1
SIRIUS electronic overload relay S3 (3RB303 and 3RB313)	3ZX1012-0RB31-4AA1
SIRIUS electronic overload relay S6 / S10 / S12 (3RB20 and 3RB21)	3ZX1012-0RB20-1BA1
SIRIUS electronic overload relay 3RB22 and 3RB23	3ZX1012-0RB22-1AA1

B.2 Manuals - SIRIUS Modular System

Manuals - SIRIUS Modular System

You can download the SIRIUS manuals from the Internet (http://www.siemens.com/sirius/manuals).

Simply enter the Article number of the relevant item into the search field.

Information about	Is available in
SIRIUS - system overview	"SIRIUS - System Overview" (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/60311318) manual (Article number: 3ZX1012-0RA01-5AC1)
Contactors and contactor assemblies 3RT, 3RH and 3RA	 "SIRIUS - SIRIUS 3RT contactors and contactor assemblies" (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/60306557) manual (Article number: 3ZX1012-0RT20-5AC1)
3RF34 electronic switching devices	"SIRIUS - SIRIUS 3RF34 electronic Switching Devices" (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/60298187) manual (Article number: 3ZX1012-0RF34-5AC1)
3RW soft starters	 "SIRIUS 3RW30/3RW40 Soft Starters" (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/38752095) manual (Article number: 3ZX1012-0RW30-1AC1) "SIRIUS 3RW44 Soft Starter" (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/21772518) manual (Article number: 3ZX1012-0RW44-1AC1)
3RV motor starter protectors	"SIRIUS 3RV Motor Starter Protectors" manual (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/60279172) (Article number: 3ZX1012-0RV20-5AC1)
3RU, 3RB overload relays	"SIRIUS 3RU thermal overload relays / SIRIUS 3RB electronic overload relays" (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/60298164) manual (Article number: 3ZX1012-0RU20-5AC1)
3RB24 electronic overload relay	"3RB24 Electronic Overload Relay for IO-Link" (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/46165627) manual (Article number: 3ZX1012-0RB24-0AC0)
3UG4 monitoring relays / 3RR2 current monitoring relays	"3UG4/3RR2 Monitoring Relays" manual (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/70210263) (Article number: 3ZX1012-0UG40-0AC0)

Information about	Is available in
3RS1/3RS2 temperature monitoring relays	"3RS1/3RS2 Temperature Monitoring Relays" manual (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/54999309) (Article number: 3ZX1012-0RS10-1AC1)
3UG48 monitoring relays / 3RR24 current monitoring relays for IO-Link	"3UG48/3RR24 Monitoring Relays for IO-Link" (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/54375430) manual (Article number: 3ZX1012-0UG48-0AC1)
3RS14/3RS15 temperatur e monitoring relays for IO-Link	"3RS14/3RS15 Temperature Monitoring Relays for IO-Link" (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/54375463) manual (Article number: 3ZX1012-0RS14-0AC0)
3RA load feeders	"SIRIUS - SIRIUS 3RA Load Feeders" manual (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/60284351) (Article number: 3ZX1012-0RA21-5AC1)
3RA6 compact starters	"SIRIUS 3RA6 Compact Starter" (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/27865747) manual (Article number: 3RA6992-0A)
3RA28 function modules for mounting on contactors	"SIRIUS - SIRIUS 3RA28 Function Modules for Mounting on 3RT2 Contactors" manual (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/60279150) (Article number: 3ZX1012-0RA28-5AC1)
3RA27 function modules for connection to the higher-level control	"SIRIUS - SIRIUS 3RA2712 Function Modules for AS-Interface" manual (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/39318922) (Article number: 3ZX1012-0RA27-0AC0) "SIRIUS - SIRIUS 3RA2711 Function Modules for IO-Link" manual (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/39319600) (Article number: 3ZX1012-0RA27-1AC1)
4SI SIRIUS electronic module (3RK1005-0LB00-0AA0)"	"4SI SIRIUS Electronic Module (3RK1005-0LB00-0AA0)" (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/37856470) manual (Article number: 3ZX1012-0LB00-0AA0)

B.3 More information

More information

More information is available from Siemens on the Internet via the following links.

Product documentation

You will find a list of manuals/operating instructions, characteristic curves, and certificates on the Internet (http://www.siemens.com/sirius/support).

Product information

Catalogs and other informative documents can be obtained from the Information Center and Download Center (http://www.siemens.com/sirius/infomaterial).

Online ordering system

You will find the online ordering system with all the latest data on the ordering and information platform (http://www.siemens.com/sirius/mall).

Technical Assistance

Siemens supports you with all technical product and system enquiries – both before and after delivery. You can access our Service & Support Portal on the Internet (http://www.siemens.com/sirius/technical-assistance). You can also submit your question directly to a technical consultant using our support request service.

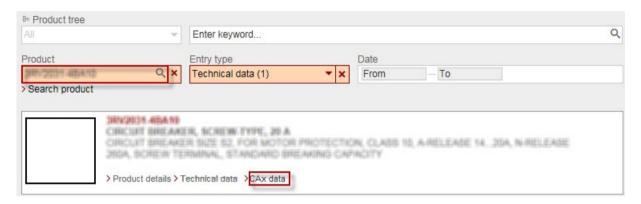
Dimension drawings (dimensions in mm)



C.1 CAx data

You can find the CAx data in the Siemens Industry Online Support (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/ps/16269/td).

- 1. Enter the full article number of the desired device in the "Product" field, and confirm with the Enter key.
- 2. Click the "CAx data link.



Note

All dimensions are specified in mm.

C.2 Dimension drawings for 3RU21 thermal overload relays

3RU2116-..B0 (S00, screw connection, contactor mounting)

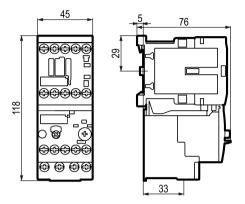


Figure C-1 3RU2116-..B0

3RU2116-4.B1 (S00, screw connection, mounting on stand-alone assembly support)

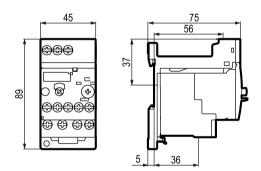


Figure C-2 3RU2116-4.B1

3RU2116-..C0 (S00, spring-loaded connection, contactor mounting)

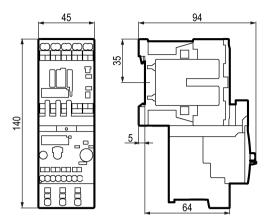


Figure C-3 3RU2116-..C0

3RU2116-..C1 (S00, spring-loaded connection, mounting on stand-alone assembly support)

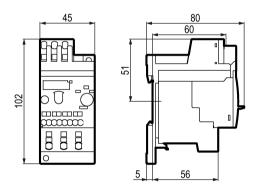
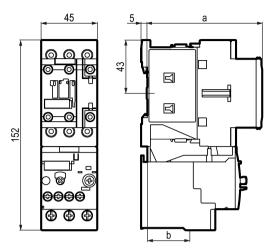


Figure C-4 3RU2116-..C1

3RU2126-..B0 (S0, screw connection, contactor mounting)



a AC: 92; DC/UC: 102

b AC: 34; DC/UC: 44

Figure C-5 3RU2126-..B0

3RU2126-4.B1 (S0, screw connection, mounting on stand-alone assembly support)

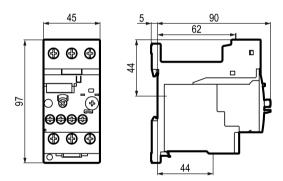
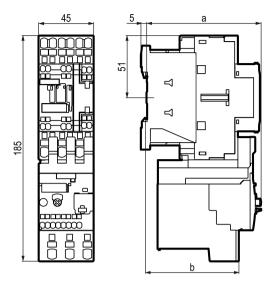


Figure C-6 3RU2126-4.B1

3RU2126-..C0 (S0, spring-loaded connection, contactor mounting)



a AC: 93; DC/UC: 103 b AC: 76; DC/UC: 86

Figure C-7 3RU2126-..C0

3RU2126-4.C1 (S0, spring-loaded connection, mounting on stand-alone assembly support)

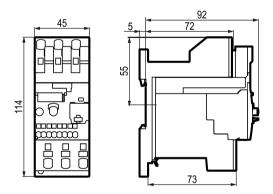


Figure C-8 3RU2126-4.C1

3RU2136-..B0 (S2, screw connection, contactor mounting)

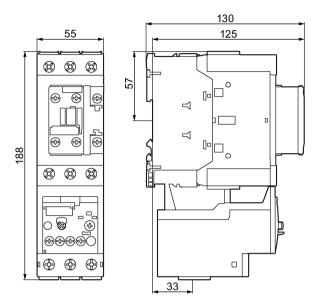


Figure C-9 3RU2136-..B0

3RU2136-..B1 (S2, screw connection, mounting on stand-alone assembly support)

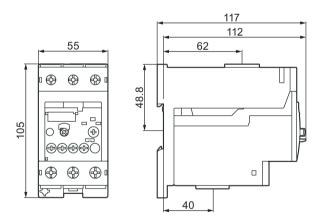


Figure C-10 3RU2136-..B1 and 3RU2936-3AA01

3RU2136-..D0 (S2, spring-loaded connection, contactor mounting)

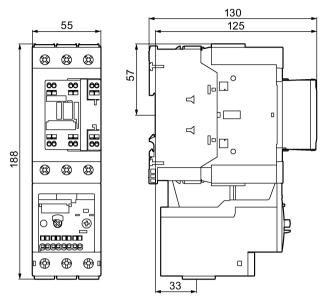


Figure C-11 3RU2136-..D0

3RU2136-..D1 (S2, spring-loaded connection, mounting on stand-alone assembly support)

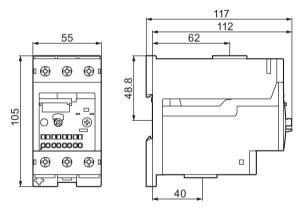


Figure C-12 3RU2136-..D1 and 3RU2936-3AA01

3RU2146-..B0 (S3, screw connection, contactor mounting)

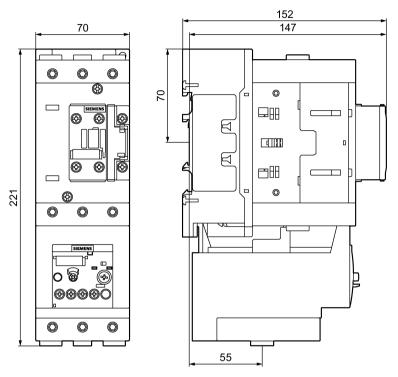


Figure C-13 3RU2146-..B0

3RU2146-..B1 (S3, screw connection, mounting on stand-alone assembly support)

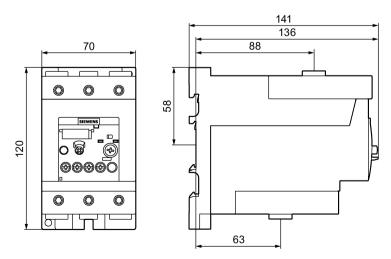


Figure C-14 3RU2146-..B1 and 3RU2946-3AA01

3RU2146-..D0 (S3, spring-loaded connection, contactor mounting)

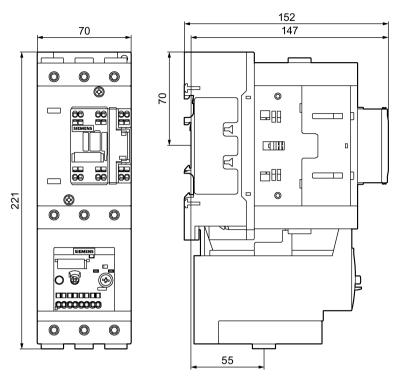


Figure C-15 3RU2146-..D0

3RU2146-..D1 (S3, spring-loaded connection, mounting on stand-alone assembly support)

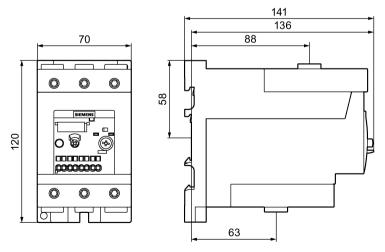
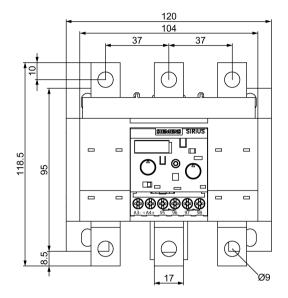


Figure C-16 3RU2146-..D1 and 3RU2946-3AA01

C.3 Dimension drawings und drilling plans electronic overload relay 3RB20 / 3RB21

3RB2.5 (S6, screw connection)



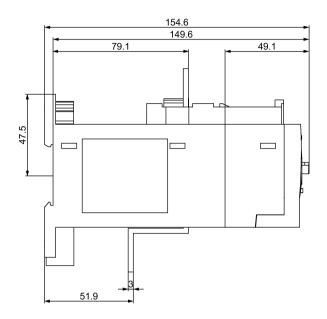


Figure C-17 3RB2.5

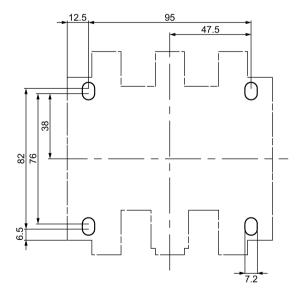
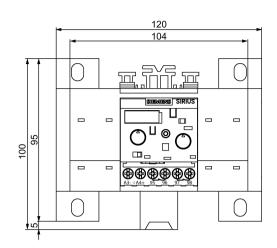


Figure C-18 3RB2.5 drilling plan

3RB2.5.-..W. / 3RB2.5.-..X. (S6, screw connection, through-hole technology)



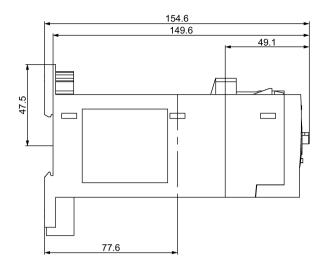


Figure C-19 3RB2.5-..W / 3RB2.5-..X

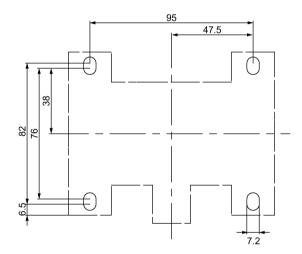


Figure C-20 3RB2.5-..W / 3RB2.5-..X drilling plans

3RB2.6 (S10 / S12, screw connection)

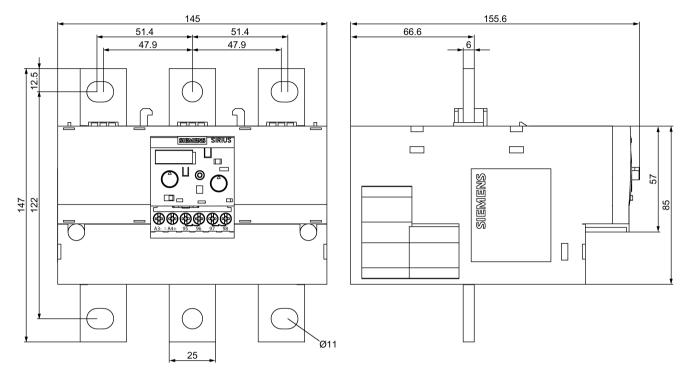


Figure C-21 3RB2.6

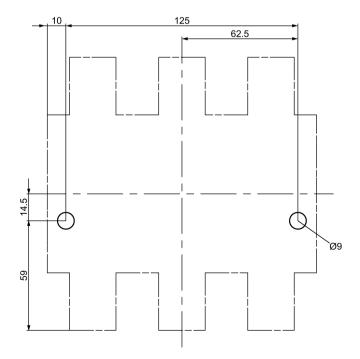


Figure C-22 3RB2.6 drilling plan

C.4 Dimension drawings for 3RB30/3RB31 electronic overload relays

3RB3.1.-..B0 (S00, screw connection, contactor mounting)

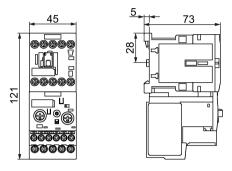


Figure C-23 3RB3.1.-..B0

3RB3.1.-..B0 (S00, screw connection, mounting on stand-alone assembly support)

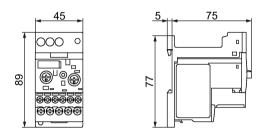


Figure C-24 3RB3.1.-..B0 and 3RU2916-3AA01

3RB3.1.-..E0 (S00, spring-loaded connection, contactor mounting)

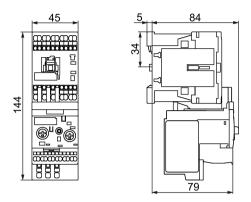


Figure C-25 3RB3.1.-..E0

3RB3.1.-..E0 (S00, spring-loaded connection, mounting on stand-alone assembly support)

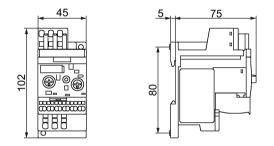
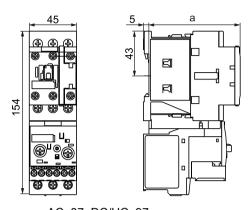


Figure C-26 3RB3.1.-..E0 and 3RU2916-3AC01

3RB3.2.-..B0 (S0, screw connection, contactor mounting)



a AC: 87; DC/UC: 97

Figure C-27 3RB3.2.-..B0

3RB3.2.-..B0 (S0, screw connection, mounting on stand-alone assembly support)

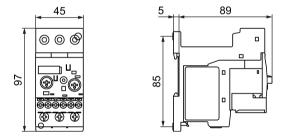
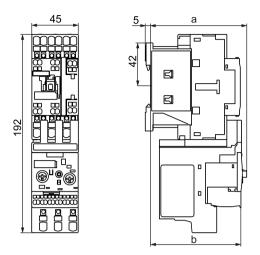


Figure C-28 3RB3.2.-..B0 and 3RU2926-3AA01

3RB3.2.-..E0 (S0, spring-loaded connection, contactor mounting)



a AC: 93; DC/UC: 103 b AC: 88; DC/UC: 98

Figure C-29 3RB3.2.-..E0

3RB3.2.-..E0 (S0, spring-loaded connection, mounting on stand-alone assembly support)

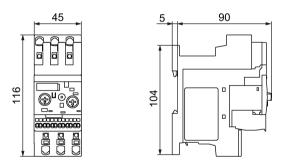


Figure C-30 3RB3.2.-..E0 and 3RU2926-3AC01

3RB3.3.-..B0 (S2, screw connection, contactor mounting)

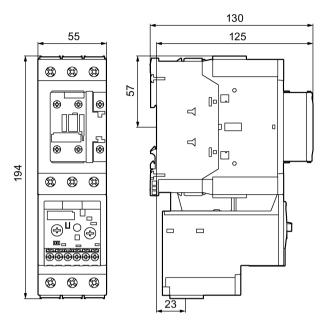


Figure C-31 3RB3.3.-..B0

3RB3.3.-..B0 (S2, screw connection, mounting on stand-alone assembly support)

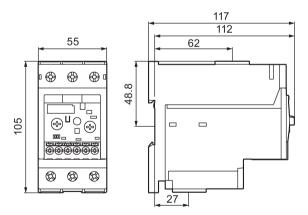


Figure C-32 3RB3.3.-..B0 and 3RU2936-3AA01

3RB3.3.-..D0 (S2, spring-loaded connection, contactor mounting)

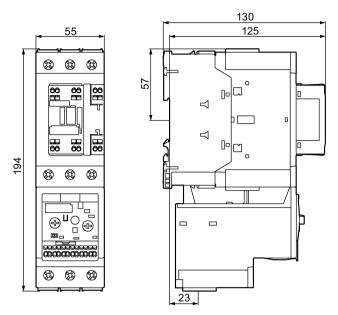


Figure C-33 3RB3.3.-..D0

3RB3.3.-..D0 (S2, spring-loaded connection, mounting on stand-alone assembly support)

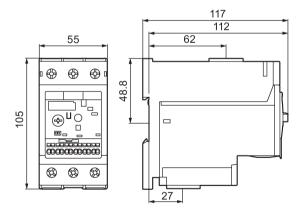


Figure C-34 3RB3.3.-..D0 and 3RU2936-3AA01

3RB3.3.-..W. (S2, screw connection, through-hole technology)

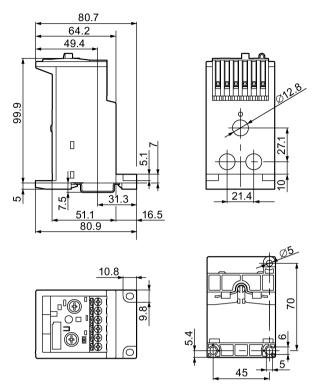


Figure C-35 3RB3.3.-..W.

3RB3.3.-..X. (S2, spring-loaded connection, through-hole technology)

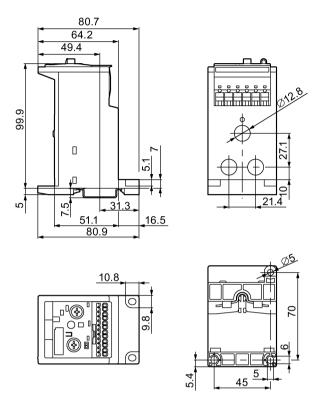


Figure C-36 3RB3.3.-..X.

3RB3.4.-..B0 (S3, screw connection, contactor mounting)

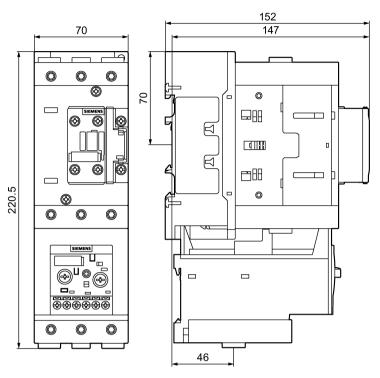


Figure C-37 3RB3.4.-..B0

3RB3.4.-..B0 (S3, screw connection, mounting on stand-alone assembly support)

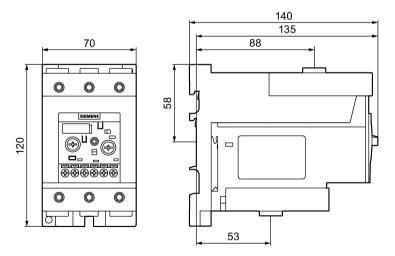


Figure C-38 3RB3.4.-..B0 and 3RU2946-3AA01

3RB3.4.-..D0 (S3, spring-loaded connection, contactor mounting)

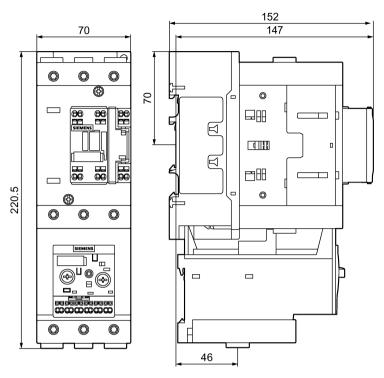


Figure C-39 3RB3.4.-..D0

3RB3.4.-..D0 (S3, spring-loaded connection, mounting on stand-alone assembly support)

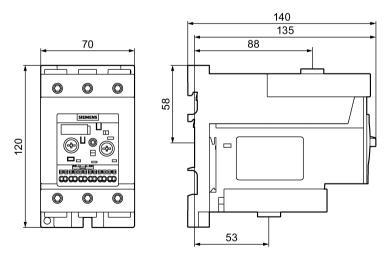
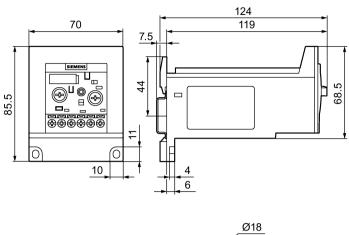


Figure C-40 3RB3.4.-..D0 and 3RU2946-3AA01

3RB3.4.-..W. (S3, screw connection, through-hole technology)



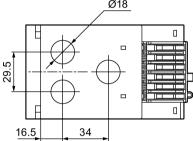


Figure C-41 3RB3.4.-..W.

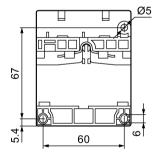
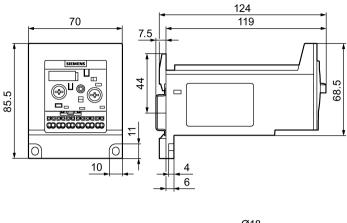


Figure C-42 3RB3.4.-..W. - drilling diagram

3RB3.4.-..X. (S3, spring-loaded connection, through-hole technology)



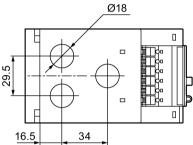


Figure C-43 3RB3.4.-..X.

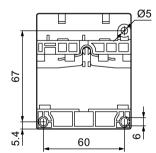


Figure C-44 3RB3.4.-..X. - drilling diagram

C.5 Drilling diagram for 3RT contactors

Drilling plans for 3RT2.1.-1/3RT2.1-4. contactors

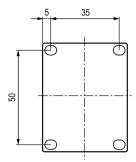


Figure C-45 Drilling plan for contactors with screw-type connections and ring cable lug connections (size S00)

Drilling plan for 3RT2.1.-2 contactors

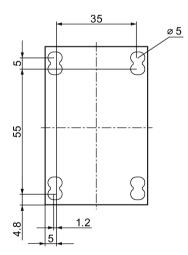


Figure C-46 Drilling plan for contactors with spring-loaded connections (size S00)

Drilling plan for 3RT2.2. contactors

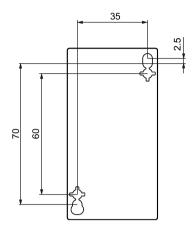


Figure C-47 Drilling plan for 3RT2.2. contactors (size S0)

Drilling plan for 3RT2.3. contactors

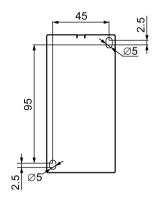


Figure C-48 Drilling plan for 3RT2.3. contactors (size S2)

Drilling diagram for 3RT2.4. contactors

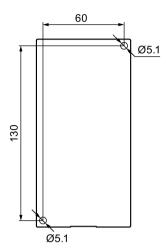


Figure C-49 Drilling diagram for 3RT2.4. contactors (size S3)

Drilling diagram for 3RT1.5. contactors

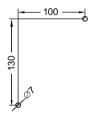


Figure C-50 Drilling diagram for 3RT1.5. contactors (size S6)

Drilling diagram for 3RT1.6. contactors

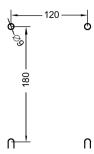


Figure C-51 Drilling diagram for 3RT1.6. contactors (size S10)

Drilling diagram for 3RT1.7. contactors

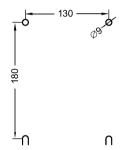


Figure C-52 Drilling diagram for 3RT1.7. contactors (size S12)

C.6 Dimension drawings and drilling plans for 3RU29.6 stand-alone installation supports

3RU2916-3AA01 (S00, screw connection)

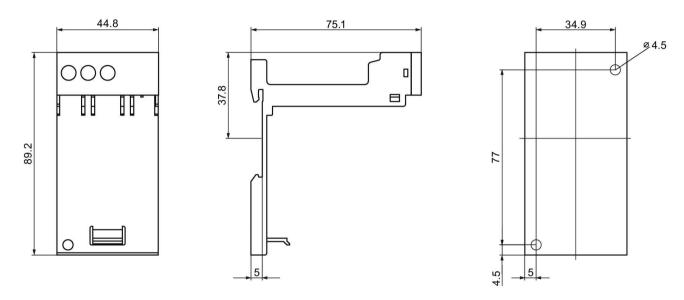


Figure C-53 3RU2916-3AA01

3RU2916-3AC01 (S00, spring-loaded connection)

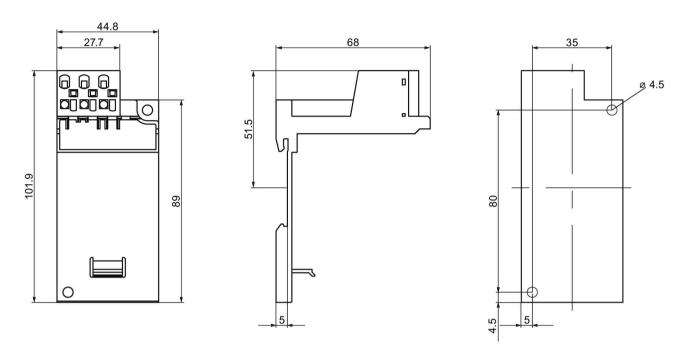


Figure C-54 3RU2916-3AC01

3RU2926-3AA01 (S0, screw connection)

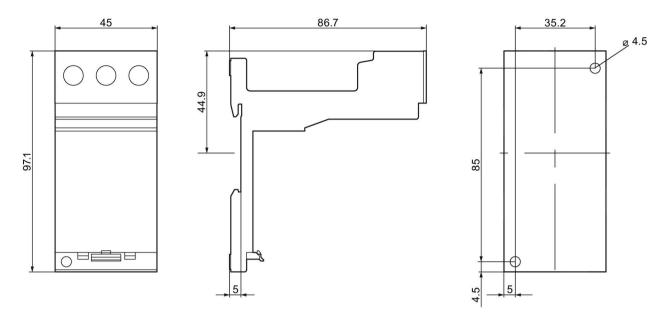


Figure C-55 3RU2926-3AA01

3RU2926-3AC01 (S0, spring-loaded connection)

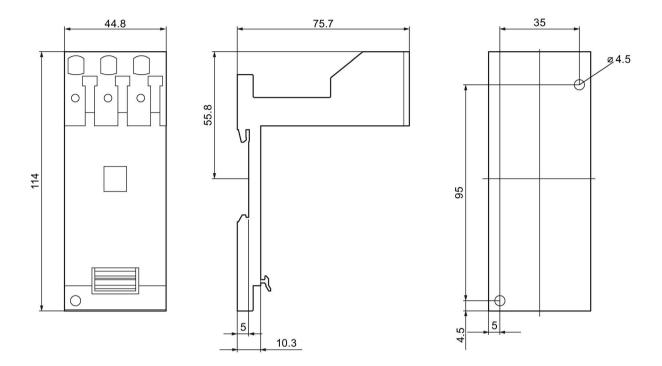


Figure C-56 3RU2926-3AC01

3RU2936-3AA01 (S2, screw connection)

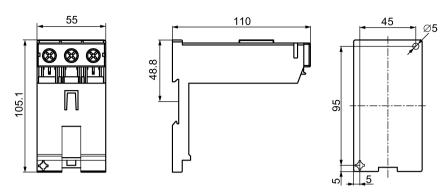


Figure C-57 3RU2936-3AA01

3RU2946-3AA01 (S3, screw connection)

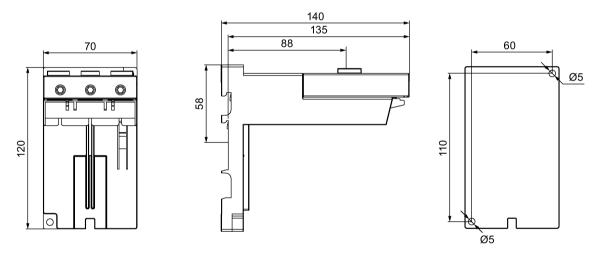


Figure C-58 3RU2946-3AA01

C.6 Dimension drawings and drilling plans for 3RU29.6 stand-alone installation supports

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